



# 2019 ANNUAL WASTE MANAGEMENT REPORT HYDRO ALUMINIUM KURRI KURRI SMELTER

Prepared By: Kerry McNaughton Environment Manager



## 2019 SPL Recycling Status

[Note: The purpose of this section of the report is to comply with EPL No. 1548 Condition E2.3]

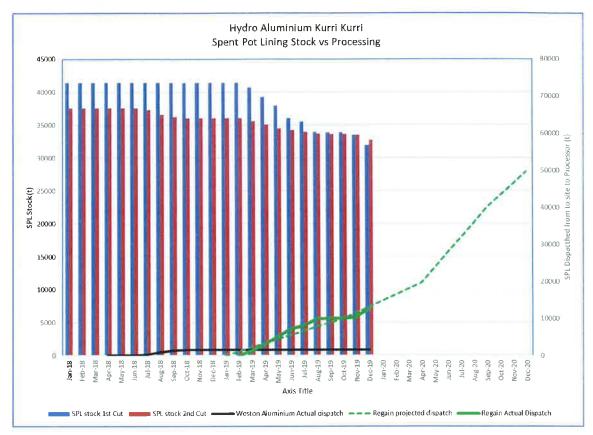


Figure 1: SPL Recycling status

At the beginning of 2019, the SPL stock at Hydro totalled 75982t. During 2019, 12855t have been dispatched off site for processing, resulting in a final stock level at the end of 2019 of 63127t.



## Weston Aluminium Pty Ltd

129 Mitchell Avenue, Kurri Kurri NSW 2327

EPL No. 6423

## Background

In April 2018 Hydro entered into an agreement with Weston Aluminium (Weston) to process 2<sup>nd</sup>cut (refractory) spent pot lining. This agreement was for Weston to process the 2<sup>nd</sup> cut SPL into their Nepheflux product and ensure that this was shipped to a Hydro approved end consumer in China. This end consumer was to use the Nepheflux in the production of clay based bricks. This brick manufacturing process has been confirmed through laboratory testing to render the SPL inert (non hazardous and non leachable). Based on capability representations from Weston, the agreement was to process a total of 10000t over a period of 12 months. This 10000t allocation was divided into 2 components; 1) 1500t trial amount and, 2) 8500t residual. The concept of the trial amount was agreed following audits of both Weston Aluminium and end consumers facilities where a number of deficiencies were identified. These deficiencies ranged from, unsatisfactory housekeeping standards, to a lack of appropriate procedures or permanent permits. It should also be noted that the audit of the Chinese end consumer facility was conducted using an independent, local (Chinese) consultant and assessed in accordance with local Chinese as well as Hydro's corporate standards.

#### Status

During 2019 Weston Aluminium processed Ot of the Hydro Aluminium spent pot lining.

In December 2019, Hydro was notified by Weston Aluminium that their Chinese customer for the processed spent pot lining "cannot meet the CSR conditions Hydro requires to move forward with this contract" and that the "customer in China is not in a position to accept Nepherflux in future". And therefore "the trial was not successful enough to continue, then the contract is automatically terminated". This of course is very disappointing to Hydro, particularly given the assurances and lobbying done by Weston Aluminium to gain the agreement with Hydro in the first place.



## Regain Services Pty Ltd

REGAIN SITE, LOCATED WITHIN THE TOMAGO ALUMINIUM SITE 576-638 Tomago Road, TOMAGO, NSW, 2322

EPL No. 13269

## Background

During 2018 Hydro negotiated an SPL processing agreement with Regain Services (Regain). Regain planned to process a combination of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> cut SPL at a facility located at the Tomago Aluminium smelter into their HiCal product. The agreement ensures that the HiCal product is exported to their end consumer, a cement manufacturer located in Thailand, where the SPL derived product is used as a fuel and mineraliser in the cement manufacturing process and all remaining hazardous and leachable properties of the SPL are eliminated. In order to satisfy Hydro's corporate code of conduct and corporate social responsibility requirements, a thorough audit process and independent site inspection was conducted at the Regain facility and end consumer. This process produced satisfactory results and on this basis the agreement was finalised in January 2019.

#### Status

Regain completed the dispatch, processing and export of processed spent pot lining for the 1<sup>st</sup> 10000t allocation in Sept-2019. Based on continued satisfactory performance by Regain, a 2<sup>nd</sup> allocation of 30000t was granted under the contract. This allocation is required to be completed by Sept-2020, however, the increased rate of processing is contingent on Regain getting the necessary approvals and licenses to increase the capacity of their processing facilities at Tomago. As of the end 2019, Regain had their modification application approved but still required a number of other approvals before the installation and commissioning of the plant expansion. Further allocations will be reliant on continued satisfactory performance by Regain and their end consumer(s).

## **Other Options**

Whilst Regains performance is currently acceptable, experience (including that exemplified by Weston Aluminium) tells us that relying on one spent pot lining outlet is somewhat risky. On this basis Hydro will continue to assess any other viable option(s) as and when they become available and/or necessary.



## Other Hazardous / Restricted Wastes

During 2019, in addition to the storage and movement of spent pot lining off site for processing (covered in the previous section of this report), the predominant activities on the Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri site were associated with the ongoing demolition works.

Demolition activities have produced several wastes streams including wastes which are classified as hazardous or restricted, as well as general solid wastes, recyclable metals and concrete / refractory material suitable for reuse on site.

Non-recyclable general solid waste generated by the demolition is currently being stored on site and is planned to be included with other non-recyclable wastes and contaminated soils in an on-site containment cell which remains subject to DoPIE approval as a State Significant Development (No. 6666)

The following sections describe in more detail, the amount and fate of the hazardous and restricted wastes managed during 2019.

The specific material tracking details are contained in Appendix A.

#### **Anode Carbon**

In 2019, Hydro entered into an agreement with Boral Cement Pty Ltd to recover recyclable anode carbon from the smelter for use in their Berrima Cement Works (EPL No. 1698)

On the 6<sup>th</sup> May 2019, the EPA advised Hydro that the transport of anode carbon from the Hydro site "satisfies the requirements of Environment Protection Licence 1548 (the Licence) Condition O6.6". Following this, Boral have removed 8786t of anode carbon from the smelter. It is expected that further anode carbon will be recovered by Boral during 2020.

## **PCB Contaminated Soils**

Testing was carried out on all substation soils and rock ballast across the plant to identify any contamination issues associated with the historical use of PCB containing transformer oils.

Those substations which were found to have soils to be above acceptable levels set out in the guidelines had the affected soils excavated under the supervision of a qualified environmental scientist. Soils were stored on site in an undercover, bunded area and then transported off site for processing and disposal. Enviropacfic Services were engaged to process the 88.88t of contaminated soils who transported to material to their SOLVE treatment facility (Licence No. 160972) located in Altona, Victoria.



### Asbestos containing material

Hydro owns a number of residential houses within its buffer zone and as part of the current activities, Hydro has been demolishing older, poorer quality dwellings. In 2019 one of these old houses was demolished which contained asbestos containing building materials.

This demolition was carried out by RTC Services (Asbestos removal licence no. 212833) who removed and disposed a total of 2.3 tonnes of material at the Summerhill Waste Management facility.

## Capped Waste Stockpile

At the time writing this report Hydro is seeking approval, via a State Significant Development application (No. 6666), to excavate the contents of the capped waste stockpile, and place in to a new purpose-built containment cell, along with other non-recyclable process and demolition waste and contaminated soils.

## Gas Monitoring

Results in Table 1 show the presence of carbon dioxide, ammonia, methane and hydrogen in a few standpipes, but no detectable levels of carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulphide, hydrogen cyanide, phosphine and arsine generated from the stockpile.

These results support the information supplied in the 1992 Environmental Impact Statement that off gases from the capped waste stockpile do not pose any health or environmental risk.

## **Ground Water Monitoring**

Results in Tables 2 and 3 shows that the near surface contaminated ground water remains similar to previous years, and that deeper ground water remains uncontaminated with natural slightly acidic properties. Further details are contained within the 2019 Groundwater Report prepared by Ramboll.



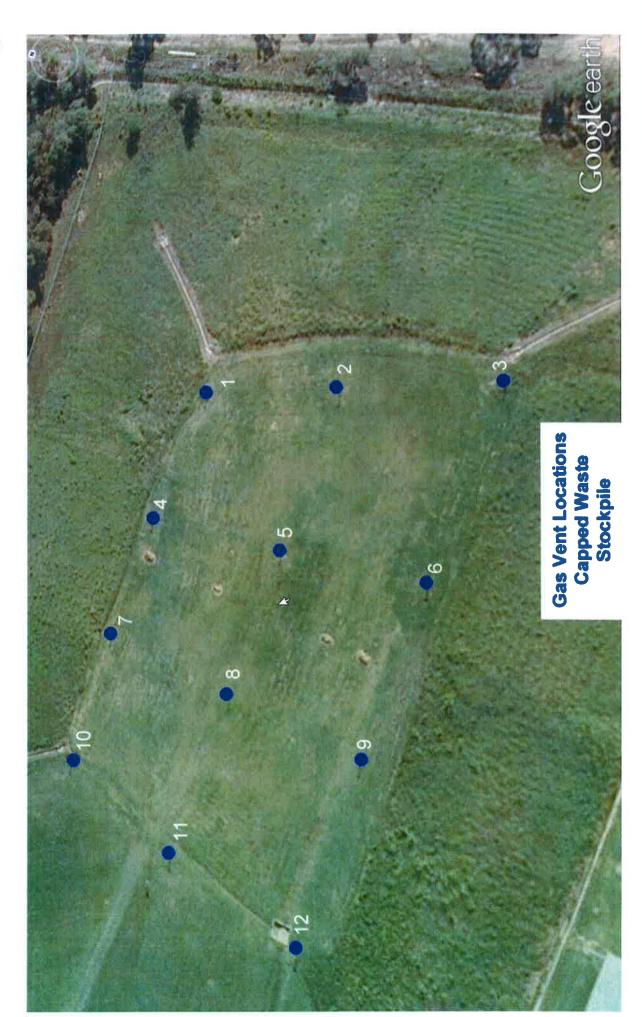
## Appendix A – 2019 Waste Tracking Details excl SPL & Anode Carbon

Off-Site Solids Material Tracking

Project No: 318000344 Client Name: Hydro Project Name: Validation of Smelter Site Remediation Project Site: Hydro Kurri Kurri former Aluminium Smelter 30/01/2020

TC Number	2115594	2115594	2115594		
Transport Vehicle Time Receiving Facility Company Tegistration Left Sitre	8:12 AM Enviropacific Services SOLVE Altona, Vic	8:35 AM Enviropacific Services SOLVE Altona, Vic	9:37 AM Enviropacific Services SOLVE Altona, Vic		
Time Left Sitc	8:12 AM	8:35 AM	9:37 AM		
Vehicle Registratior	CAM978	CAM954	CAM953		
Transport Company	Camsons Haulage	A Walker Camsons Haulage	A Walker Camsons Haulage		
Movement Approved By *	A Walker	A Walker	A Walker		
Net Weight (T)	38.80	26.78	23.30		
Material Type / Management Option	PCB Soils	PCB Soils	PCB Soils		
Source Reference	A77	77A	77A		
Weighbridge Source Date Reference	4/12/2019	4/12/2019	4/12/2019		











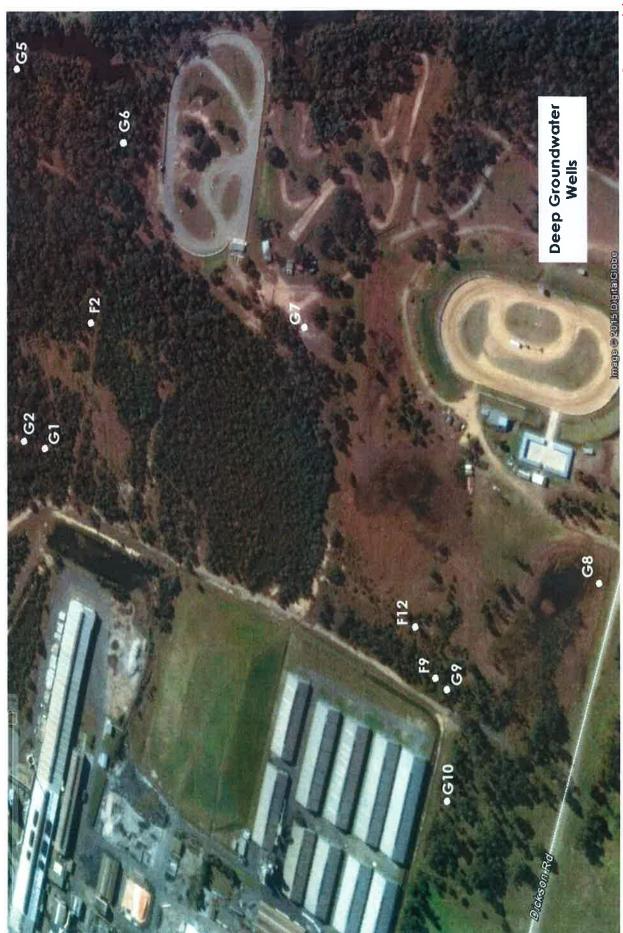




Table 1: Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Smelter Spent Cathode Pile Standpipe Gas Composition

Analysis (Volume Percent, as received dry basis) Method of Analysis CBM-E041-3 by ALS Global

Sampled:	•			•			•	•			
29/07/2019	Carbon Dioxide	Oxygen	Carbon Monoxide	Methane	Ethane	Ethylene	Propane	Butane	Hydrogen	Balance (by difference mainly N2)	CO:02 deff:ratio
SP1	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
SP2	0.10	15.29	pu <sub>*</sub>	0.01	<sub>*</sub> nd	*nd	<sub>*</sub> nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	0.0045	84.6	<0.01
SP3	0.19	20.29	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	<sub>*</sub> nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	79.5	<0.01
SP4	0.05	19.24	pu <sub>*</sub>	0.01	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	*nd	0.008	80.7	<0.01
SP5	0.04	9.46	0.0001	0.07	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	*nd	0.4365	0.06	<0.01
SP6	0.03	12.82	0.0002	1.04	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	*nd	0.0775	87.0	<0.01
SP7	0.03	16.14	0.0006	0.03	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu*	pu <sub>*</sub>	<sub>*</sub> nd	0.137	83.7	0.01
SP8	0.10	19.66	pu <sub>*</sub>	0.01	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	*nd	0.0005	80.2	<0.01
SP9	0.17	7.61	*nd	0.03	*nd	pu*	*nd	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	92.2	<0.01
SP10	0.14	17.41	*nd	*nd	*nd	*nd	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	82.4	<0.01
SP11	0.08	19.03	*nd	*nd	pu <sub>∗</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu <sub>*</sub>	6.08	<0.01
SP12	0.59	14.72	pu <sub>*</sub>	*nd	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	pu*	*nd	pu <sub>*</sub>	84.7	<0.01



## Capped Waste Stockpile Standpipe Gas Analysis 2019 Detector tube Tests Conducted 29/7/19

Standpipe No.	Ammonia	Phosphine/Arsine	HCN	H2S
	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
1	200	<0.1	<1	<1
2	90	<0.1	<1	<1
3	<1	<0.1	<1	<1
4	40	<0.1	<1	<1
5	600	<0.1	<1	<1
6	350	<0.1	<1	<1
7	400	<0.1	<1	<1
8	3	<0.1	<1	<1
9	2	<0.1	<1	<1
10	4	<0.1	<1	<1
11	1	<0.1	<1	<1
12	<1	<0.1	<1	<1

Results above were obtained using Kitigawa gas detector tubes on the 29/7/19



Table 2: Near Surface Ground Water Quality from around the Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Smelter for 2019

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Borehole ID	Month	Depth to Water Level (metres)	рН	Fluoride (mg/L)	Total Cyanide (mg/L)	TSS (mg/L)	TDS (mg/L)
E3 20 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	2.4 2.2 2.4 2.5	9.4 9.4 9.4 9.4	440 620 540 660	2.3 13 <0.005 37	8.0 26 <b>21</b> 16	5600 6100 6200 7200
E4 50 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	2.2 1.9 2.1 2.3	9.5 9.6 9.6 9.6	380 610 540 550	3.9 62 <0.005 120	310 110 280 350	13000 14000 16000 18000
E5 0 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry
E6 0 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	1.4 1.3 1.3 1.5	8.2 8.2 8.2 7.9	0.7 0.8 0.8 0.6	0.012 0.009 0.0006 0.012	3.7 9.7 11 9.0	<b>5000</b> 4700 5200 5700
E7 80 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry
E8 50 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry	Dry Dry Dry Dry
E9 40 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	2.5 1.9 2.5 2.5	8.8 8.9 8.9 8.8	160 100 180 160	0.55 4.4 9.2 13	790 95 350 460	3700 3700 3800 3700
E10 130 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	4.0 4.1 4.3 4.3	7.8 7.9 8.4 8.0	2.2 <0.5 1.4 0.8	0.017 0.33 0.29 0.42	2.4 23 70 17	1700 1700 1600 1600
E11 60 metres east	MAR JUN SEP DEC	2.7 2.7 2.8 2.8	8.9 8.8 8.5 8.9	96 77 87 100	0 57 3.3 0 93 9.6	350 430 250 100	8100 7500 6700 7800
F8 220 metres southeast	MAR JUN SEP DEC	1.9 1.6 1.4 1.9	6.5 6.5 6.6 6.6	14 17 8 12	0.007 <0.005 <0.005 0.012	160 120 87 120	460 370 320 390
F13 10 metres south	MAR JUN SEP DEC	1.8 1.6 1.0 1.6	6.7 7.0 6.7 6.8	5.2 7.2 3.3 4.3	0.006 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	100 55 64 60	210 170 360 220

<sup>\*</sup>TSS (Total Suspended Solids)
\*TDS (Total Dissolved Solids)



Table 3: Deep Ground Water Quality near the Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Smelter for 2019

Borehole ID	Month	Depth to Water Level (metres)	рН	Fluoride (mg/L)	Total Cyanide (mg/L)	TSS (mg/L)	TDS (mg/L)
F2	MAR	4.6	4.0	<0.5	0.018	270	8700
190 metres east	JUN	4.7	4.1	<0.5	0.320	80	7300
	SEP DEC	4,9 5.0	4.2 4.0	<0.5 <0.05	0.046 0.0015	60 170	8300 8500
F9	MAR	7.2	6.4	<0.5	0.55	6.7	1400
30 metres southeast	JUN	7.2	6.7	<0.5	<0.005	15	1300
	SEP	7.4	6.6	< 0.5	< 0.005	11	1300
E40	DEC	7.3	6.8	<0.5	<0.005	8.8	1300
F12 80 metres east	MAR JUN	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry
oo maraa aaa	SEP	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
	DEC	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
G1	MAR	7.1	7.0	8.0	0,008	20 53	3400
80 metres east	JUN SEP	7.1 7.3	7.3 7.1	0.9 1.2	0.057 0.013	63	2400 2700
	DEC	7.2	8.0	1.2	0.058	120	3200
G2	MAR	7.6	6.7	0.5	0.008	180	2600
90 metres east	JUN	7.5	7.0 6.7	0.5 <0.5	0.013 <0.005	130 70	3100
	SEP DEC	7.8 7.7	7.1	< 0.5	<0.005	56	3200 2600
G5	MAR	3.0	7.6	1.2	0.008	84	1200
420 metres east	JUN	3.1	7.7	1.4	<0.005	37	1100
	SEP DEC	3.2 3.4	7.7 7.6	1.3 3.9	<0.005 0.005	33 48	1200 1400
G6	MAR	4.7	3.5	<0.5	<0.005	480	4800
380 metres east	JUN	4.7	3.8	0.6	<0.005	360	5200
	SEP	4.7	3.8	<0.5	<0.005	860	4200
0.7	DEC	5.2	3.7	<0.5	<0.005	1300	4000
G7 320 metres east	MAR JUN	6.5 6.7	6.2 6.5	0.7 0.7	0.006 <0.005	270 240	8200 8900
ozo metres east	SEP	6.8	6,3	0.7	<0.005	240	7300
	DEC	6.8	6.8	<0.5	<0.005	190	7900
G8	MAR	6.2	6.3	1.7	0.007	270	420
220 metres southeast	JUN SEP	6.3 6.5	7.0 6.8	2.2 1.4	<0.005 <0.005	200 23	430 440
	DEC	6.5	7.2	<0.5	0.012	120	570
G9	MAR	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
30 metres southeast	JUN	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
	SEP DEC	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry	Dry Dry
G10	MAR	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
10 metres south	JUN	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
	SEP	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
ANZECC Water Quality (	DEC Criteria:	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
AILLOO Hatel Quality	onteria.	Irrigation	4.5 - 9.0	1.0			
A	tia Cass:	Livestock	65.00	2.0			
Aqua	tic Ecosy	stems	6.5 - 9.0				

<sup>\*</sup> TSS (Total Suspended Solids)
\* TDS (Total Dissolved Solids)