





Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Proposed Containment Cell Site Clay Borrow Pit

Prepared for: Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd

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Acronyms and Abbreviations

CBP Clay Borrow Pit

ha hectare

m metres

mAHD metres in reference to the Australian Height Datum

m/sec metres per second (hydraulic conductivity)

mbtoc metres below top of casing

mbgl metres below ground level

mg/L milligrams per Litre

mS/cm milli Siemans per centimetre (electrical conductivity)

SPL Spent Pot Linings

SPT Standard Penetration Testing

1 Introduction

1.1 Preface

The following report presents the results of a preliminary geotechnical investigation undertaken for an area immediately to the west of the Main Plant site of the Hydro Aluminium Kurri Smelter. The subject site comprises an approximately 7 ha cleared area known as the "Clay Borrow Pit" (CBP). This investigation was commissioned to assess this area for potential use as a containment cell.

The investigation was conducted in July and early August 2014 and comprised field works including the excavation of test pits and drilling of boreholes to identify and characterise the soil and groundwater conditions beneath the site. A series of in-situ tests were undertaken and representative soil samples were collected and submitted to a material testing laboratory for completion of a regime of soil characterisation testing.

The location of the Hydro smelter and CBP within the Smelter Buffer Zone is presented in **Figure 1**.

1.2 Aims and Objectives

The aim of the investigation was to provide a preliminary characterisation of the geotechnical conditions over the clay borrow pit site in order to assess the site's suitability for location of a proposed containment cell.

The investigation addressed those conditions which will be critical in determining whether the CBP site is a feasible location for construction of the onsite containment cell.

Specifically:

- to investigate and characterise the nature of site soil profiles and assess the depth of clay materials;
- determine representative physical geotechnical parameters for the site clays to evaluate their suitability for containment cell construction and provide input to the containment cell design;
- establishing the extent of the clay resources in the CBP area;
- to investigate the nature of groundwater occurrence under the site, establishing depths to groundwater and conduct in-situ hydraulic conductivity (aquifer) testing to determine groundwater flow directions and velocities; and
- to identify any site geological/hydrogeological conditions which may constrain the suitability of the CBP for containment cell construction, which may include; the presence of hitherto undetected transmissive soils (eg sands, gravels etc) and/or underlying strata (eg highly fractured bedrock).

1.3 Scope of Work

In order to achieve the aim and objectives for the investigation, the following scope of work was undertaken over the period, mid-July and early August 2014:

- Drilling of five boreholes, located around and across the CBP site to investigate the soil and rock profiles and identify any encountered groundwater;
- In-situ testing within the boreholes assessing soil strength and providing a determination of the soil rock interface;
- Coring upper rock profiles to gain an understanding of rock-type and potential structures/defects which may have the potential for preferred pathway transmission of groundwater;
- Construction of groundwater monitoring wells in each of the boreholes;
- Single well aquifer tests in selected wells to ascertain preliminary aquifer parameters;
- Excavation of test pits across the Clay Borrow Pit site to expose soil, (clay), profiles (all pits were excavated until effective refusal or to extent of reach of backhoe);
- Logging of soil profile and collection of representative soil (clay), samples;
- · Survey of all sample locations;
- · Establishment of groundwater flow direction;
- Submission of clay samples to a testing laboratory for a range of clay characterisation tests, including Atterberg limits, grain-size analysis (sieving and hydrometer), moisture-density ratio, (compaction testing) and permeability testing using potable water and also a typical leachate mixture which may potentially result from emplacement of spent pot lining wastes (one of the waste streams proposed for the containment cell)¹; and
- Preparation of this report summarising the results.

¹ The leachate was obtained from Hydro's leachate interception system for the existing waste containment, located on the eastern side of the plant site.

2 Background

2.1 Site Location and Description

The CBP site is located immediately west of the main smelter facility within Lot 319 in DP755321.

The topography of the site comprise a south-west-north-east trending ridge line with heights up to approx. 26 mAHD. The ridge rises towards the west-south-west and slopes away to the north-west, south-east and east, and is bisected by tributaries of Black Waterholes Creek in the lower valleys. (**Figure 2**).

The CBP is comprises a mainly open area surrounded on three side (north, west and south) by bushland of mature trees and lower scrub. The land slopes down towards the east where a water course and associated wetlands of Black Waterholes Creek (a tributary of Swamp Creek) separates the site from the main smelter area.

The open, cleared part of this area is approximately 7ha and is currently partially covered by stockpiles of construction wastes, including broken asphalt, concrete and refractory bricks. The stockpiles are spread out and around the access road and form an elevated filled layer across the central part of the site. The eastern part of the cleared portion was formerly excavated for the winning of clay for the purpose of capping a waste stockpile on the main smelter site. The resultant void has been backfilled with refractory brick and capped with topsoils. Refer to **Figure 2**.

Removal of construction materials from the CBP is proposed to be completed by mid 2015.

2.2 Site Geology and Hydrogeology

The 1:100,000 Newcastle Coalfields map indicates the geology of the Hydro site comprises the Lower Permian-aged Dalwood Group, a sequence of mudstones, sandstones, shales siltstones, conglomerate and tuff, which form the local bedrock.

Regional groundwater is expected to follow topography and flow northeast towards surface water bodies that feed into the Hunter River.

Boreholes were drilled in the CBP as part of the ENVIRON Phase 2 Study, (ENVIRON 2012). Well MW03 was drilled in the vicinity of the CBP and showed residual clays from the surface and groundwater encountered at a depth of approximately 9m below ground surface.

2.3 Previous Investigations

As part of the initial Phase 2 Environmental Assessment, (ENVIRON 2012), of the smelter site, the following scope of works was undertaken:

- Drilling of a total of five boreholes across the CBP area to depths of up to 16m depth, drilling to near refusal using solid augers. A groundwater monitoring well was constructed in each of the boreholes.
- Excavation of five test pits in the north-eastern area of the CBP, mainly targeting the filled area as shown on **Figure 2**.
- Sampling of groundwater and soils, and laboratory analysis of samples for a range of potential site contaminants.

Relevant findings from the 2012 investigation include:

- A profile of fill (bricks, concrete in a sandy silty matrix), observed to a maximum depth of 5m, overlying residual clay soils grading down to weathered siltstones and sandstones.
- The fill was at its thickest in the former filled void left by removal of clays in the 1990's.
- Groundwater was perched within the granular filled materials on top of the residual clays.
- Boreholes drilled outside of the filled area encountered a weathered profile, including residual clays grading to weathered siltstone/sandstone.
- Groundwater levels in the non-fill wells rose to within approximately 5 m of the surface, and were considered likely to be perched within the weathered zones in the residual/upper weathered rock profile.

The locations of the 2012 investigation pits and boreholes are shown in **Figure 2**. Borehole and test pit logs are presented in **Appendix A**.

3 Field and Laboratory Investigations

The following is a detailed description of the scope and methodology of the investigations undertaken for the preliminary geotechnical assessment.

3.1 Borehole Investigation

Over the period, 15 to 18 July 2014, a total of five boreholes were drilled at selected locations across the CBP site.

These included:

north-west corner	CBP1
western boundary	CBP2
south-western area	CBP3
south-eastern area	CBP4
central Clay Borrow Pit	CBP5

These locations were designed to provide an effective spread of data across the CBP allowing for the 2012 investigation locations.

All boreholes were drilled using solid augers to advance the hole through overlying soils. At regular intervals (nominally 1.5m – the end of each rod), Standard Penetration Testing, (SPT), was undertaken to assess soil strength and allow sampling/logging from specific depth.

At effective refusal of the SPT (and/or the auger bit), drilling was continued using a HQ-sized core barrel to recover two to three metres of rock core. As the coring process introduced water into the borehole, it was no longer possible to assess the presence of groundwater once coring had commenced.

Borelogs are contained in **Appendix A.** The location of boreholes across the CBP are shown in **Figure 2**. Photographs of recovered core are presented in **Appendix B**.

3.2 Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation and testing

At the completion of coring, boreholes were further extended to a maximum depth of 20m, using a blade bit, where there had been no indication of groundwater to the depth at which coring commenced.

A groundwater monitoring well was constructed in the completed borehole using 50mm PVC screens and casing, backfilled across the screened section, (over the bottom three metres), using select-size gravel pack, and then sealed within the borehole annulus using bentonite, (minimum one metre thickness). The remaining hole annulus was backfilled and then cemented to the surface. The well was completed by installation of a protective steel monument, concreted over the protruding PVC casing. Well construction details are presented on borelogs contained in **Appendix A**.

Each well was developed using a bailer to remove drilling water and sediment until either five bore volumes (ie, volume of water contained within the casing and surrounding gravel pack), had been removed or the well bailed dry.

In all cases, bailing water from the wells resulted in reduction of water levels to the bottom of the casing with very slow water level recovery.

Following the initial drilling works and well development, preliminary aquifer tests were undertaken in two selected wells to assess aquifer parameters. Water was rapidly removed from each well and water levels were regularly monitored until recovery had occurred. Recovery rates were assessed and transmissivity/hydraulic conductivities derived.

As part of the groundwater assessment, water levels in all wells (including wells from the 2012 investigation), were measured following groundwater stabilisation to provide groundwater levels and groundwater flow direction/s to be assessed.

3.3 Test Pit Investigation

A total of eight test pits, (designated TP101 – TP108), were excavated across the site using a backhoe, (Case 580), to provide information specific to the soil profile and also allow the collection of bulk soil, (clay) samples for testing. Two additional pits from a separate investigation into the fill layer, are also included, (RB 17 and RB 22).

The test pit investigation was conducted over the period, 6th to 7th August 2014.

Test pits were located to complement the borehole locations and investigation locations from the 2012 assessment. Each excavation was advanced to either practical refusal, or to the limit of the backhoe's reach. Each test pit was logged and representative samples of the soil profiles were collected in sufficient quantity to allow for the prescribed series of testing.

Test pit log are presented in **Appendix A**. The location of the test pits are shown in **Figure 2**. Photographs of test pit soil profiles are presented in **Appendix C**.

The table below provides a summary of the investigation test pits

Table 1 Te	est Pit Details			
No.	Location	Total Depth	Termination	Notes
TP101	Central CBP (topographic high point)	3.7	Very hard digging	
TP102	North-west corner	2.9	Very hard digging	
TP103	Western CBP	2.15	Very hard digging	
TP104	South-western corner CBP (up track)	1.6	Very hard digging	
TP105	Southern CBP	2.5	Very hard digging	
TP106	South-eastern CBP	2.5	Very hard digging	
TP107	Eastern CBP (near base of slope)	2.6	Very hard digging	
TP108	North-eastern CBP(up fire trail)	1.7	Very hard	

			digging	
RB17	Mid-eastern slope of CBP area	2.0	Investigation of fill only	Fill layer overlying residual clays
RB22	Mid-eastern slope of CBP area	2.8	Investigation of fill only	Fill layer overlying residual clays. Water perched on clay

NB CBP is Clay Borrow Pit

3.4 Survey

All boreholes and wells (excluding MW02) were surveyed for location and levels (to the top of the casing and ground surface). All test pits were also surveyed for surface levels and location. Levels were given relative to the Australian Height Datum (AHD) and locations were expressed in the MGA 56 system.

The survey report is attached as **Appendix D** and reduced levels are also presented on the borelogs in **Appendix A**.

3.5 Laboratory Testing

A total of 10 samples, from the soil profiles exposed in the test pits, were submitted to SGS Australia Pty Ltd, (SGS).

The samples underwent testing to determine the following suite of physical parameters:

- moisture content (in-situ), (AS 1289.2.1.1) all samples;
- atterberg limits, including liquid limit, plastic limit, plasticity index (AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1) all samples;
- moisture density ratio (determination of maximum dry density and optimum moisture content under a standard compactive effort), (AS 1289.5.1.1) - 5 samples;
- grain size analysis with sieving and hydrometer to determine clay/silt/sand/gravel fractions – all samples;
- constant head permeability (AS1289.6.7.3), using both potable water and supplied leachate² as a permeant - 5 samples

Laboratory test results are summarized in **Table E1** and full laboratory reports are presented in **Appendix E**.

A brief discussion of the results is presented in the following sections.

² The leachate supplied was collected from the leachate interception system for the existing SPL containment on the eastern side of the site. The leachate contained elevated concentrations of fluoride (770 mg/L) and cyanide, (17 mg/L, total cyanide), and a pH of 10. The leachate typically has salinities of up to 27mS/cm

4 Investigation Results

The following presents the results of the investigation discussing sub-surface geology of the site, results of testing of clay materials identified and presence and nature of the groundwater.

4.1 Subsurface Conditions

The following generalised soil profile was encountered across the clay borrow pit site (as observed within the bore holes and test pits):

A veneer of topsoil and/or slopewash/colluvial soils comprising silty sands/sandy silts with some gravel (and in one case, clayey sand fill), was encountered, overlying a profile of weathered in-place siltstone/shale/sandstone as residual, sandy silty clays, and gravelly clays becoming extremely weathered rock. The clays had low to medium plasticity, with occasional higher plasticity and were generally very stiff to hard.

In the backhoe-excavated test pits, practical refusal (or in the case of TP101 – a combination of limit of reach and refusal for excavator bucket), was encountered at depths ranging from 1.6m (TP104 in the access track in the south-west CBP area) to 3.7m (TP101 in the central CBP area). Typically the deeper pit/s were towards the higher elevations, and the pits where refusal was encountered at a shallower depth (TP104 and TP108) were on the lower slopes.

The borehole testing was undertaken using standard penetration testing to estimate the beginning of rock. Typically harder drilling (indicating a profile more characteristic of extremely weathered rock), was encountered at depths between 4 to 6m again with the deeper soil profile present in the higher topographic areas (CBP5). Refusal of the SPT occurred at depths ranging from 4.5m (CBP1 and 4), to 8.5m (CBP5).

Table 2 summarizes the interpreted depth to rock (as defined by SPT refusal).

The implication is that the overlying soil materials primarily comprise clays and silty clays with layers/lenses of relict extremely weathered rock including iron cemented layers.

Table 2 Det	Table 2 Details of CPB Boreholes							
Borehole	Location	Depth to Rock/Approximate Interpreted Clay Thickness (m)						
CBP1	North-west corner of CBP (approx. 22mAHD)	4.5						
CBP2	West CBP boundary (approx. 24mAHD)	7.5						
CBP3	South-west corner of CBP (approx. 21mAHD)	6						
CBP4	South-east CBP (approx. 19mAHD)	4.5						
CBP5	Central CBP (approx. 19mAHD)	8.5						

In general, the rock comprised massively-bedded sandstones, or more thinly bedded siltstones, down to laminated shales. The rock profiles exposed in the cored sections were generally tight, with few defects visible.

4.2 Groundwater

No test pits in the current investigation encountered groundwater, to a maximum depth of 2.8m.

The boreholes generally did not encounter free groundwater during the auger drilling through the surface soils (to a maximum depth of 8m). Minor traces of water were noted in CBP2 and CBP5 at 7.2m and 6.5m, respectively, however, after the boreholes were left open for several hours, no free groundwater developed. All boreholes were then cored from the soil/rock interface, (as defined by SPT refusal), for two to three meters, and subsequently reamed out to a depth of between 16 and 20m, where wells were installed.

Water levels in the wells, (including the 2012 wells), were measured following development, (25 July 2014).

Table 3 below presents groundwater levels in the 2014 wells, CBP1 to CPB5 and also in the 2012 wells, MW01, MW03, MW04 and MW05.

Well	Water Level (mbtoc)			Depth to Rock (mbgl)	
CBP1	13.10	12.47	9.36	4.5	
CBP2	3.99	3.35	20.80	7.5	
CBP3	4.99	4.34	16.39	6	
CBP4	3.28	2.55	16.48	4.5	
CBP5	4.17	3.63	22.12	8.5	
MW1	3.27	2.51	19.58	10	
MW2	na	na	na	9.5	
MW3	5.07	4.32	19.05	9.5	
MW4	1.60	0.84	18.1	9	
MW5	2.52	1.77	22.30	not encountered	

Notes:

mbtoc - metres below top of casing mbgl - metres below ground level

mAHD - reduced levels to Australian Height Datum na not applicable (MW02 did not encounter groundwater)

Measurements indicate that water levels in all wells had recovered to within about 3 to 5 m of the surface. The exception is CBP1 which had a water level more than 12m below surface.

Given that no indication of groundwater was encountered during drilling of the soil profile, it is considered that the groundwater represents an aquifer present in the secondary porosity of the underlying rock profile (ie, within the rock defects--joints etc), confined by the overlying clays. The water levels represent the piezometric pressure produced by groundwater at higher topographic levels, up-hydraulic gradient.

This groundwater conceptual model is supported by MW02 which was drilled to a depth of 16m through residual clay soils and into weathered rock but which showed no evidence of groundwater, (although left open to test for groundwater production). No well was subsequently constructed in MW02.

The anomalously low water level in CBP1 may indicate the discontinuous nature of the aquifer.

It also should be noted that MW05, which is included in the above table, was constructed wholly within the filled profile and reflects a perched aquifer in those materials.

Comparison of water levels (reduced to AHD), indicating preliminary groundwater flow directions are presented in **Figure 2**. It should be noted that the interpreted groundwater contours have not included data from MW05 or CBP1 due to their anomalous water levels.

Following well construction and development, preliminary aquifer testing was undertaken to provide an indication of basic aquifer parameters.

A rising head test was conducted on wells, CBP2 and CBP3 and results were reviewed using the Hvorslev and Theis recovery methods (**Appendix F**).

The tests which involved rapid removal of water from the wells followed by monitoring of water level recovery indicated hydraulic conductivities of between 1E10⁻⁷ and 1E10⁻⁸ m/sec.

4.3 Clay Testing

Ten representative samples of clay recovered from the test pits were submitted to a materials testing laboratory for determination of a suite of physical geotechnical characteristics, including, moisture content, atterberg limits, grainsize analysis, moisture-density relationship (under a standard compactive effort), and intrinsic permeability (using both potable water and site-derived leachate as a permeant).

A summary of testing results is presented in **Table E-1**. Full laboratory testing results are attached as **Appendix E**.

Generally the results showed the clay materials to be a mixture of clayey silts and silty clays with low to medium plasticity and with very low permeabilities.

5 Conclusions

A preliminary geotechnical assessment was undertaken for the site of a containment cell, proposed to be constructed as part of the Hydro site remediation.

The aim of the investigation was to provide a preliminary characterisation of the geotechnical conditions over the clay borrow pit site in order to assess the site's suitability for location of a proposed containment cell.

This included assessment of:

- the nature of site soil profiles and assess the depth of clay materials;
- determine representative physical geotechnical parameters for the site clays to evaluate their suitability for containment cell construction and provide input to the containment cell design;
- establishing the extent of the clay resources in the CBP area;
- to investigate the nature of groundwater occurrence under the site, establishing depths to groundwater and conduct in-situ hydraulic conductivity (aquifer) testing to determine groundwater flow directions and velocities; and
- to identify any site geological/hydrogeological conditions which may constrain the suitability of the CBP for containment cell construction.

The investigation scope of included:

- · Review of existing information;
- Drilling of five boreholes, installation of groundwater monitoring wells and excavation of eight test pits across the site;
- Conduct of in-situ strength testing in overlying clays and aquifer characetization testing to determine basic aquifer parameters;
- Collection of representative clay samples and submission for laboratory materials testing to characterize clay soils

The following conclusions were drawn, based on the results of the investigation:

- Drilling and excavation found (under a veneer of fill/topsoil/colluvium), a profile of
 weathered in-place residual clays overlying siltstones, shales and sandstones of the
 Lower Permian-aged Dalwood Group a sequence of mudstones, sandstones, shales
 siltstones, conglomerate and tuff, which form the local bedrock. The cored rock was
 massive with minimal defects noted;
- The clays were encountered at all investigated locations across the site;
- No significant groundwater was encountered during drilling of the overlying residual clays, however once wells had been installed into the completed boreholes water levels, with the exception of CBP1, recovered to within 4 to 5m of the surface;

- Preliminary aquifer testing indicated hydraulic conductivities of approximately 1E-7m/sec to 1E-8 m/sec. The aquifer is assumed to be contained within the existing rock defects (joints/weathered zones).
- It was considered that the groundwater on site is present as a confined aquifer in the secondary porosity of the underlying rock mass, (in joints etc), and the depth of water below the ground surface reflects piezometric pressure. MW02 (from 2012 investigation), encountered clays and weathered rock but did not encounter groundwater, (no well was constructed) supporting the site conceptual groundwater model as a confined aquifer. The disparity in the water level in CBP1 (in the north-west corner of the site), also suggests a potentially discontinuous character to the aquifer;
- Testing of the soil samples from test pits indicated very low permeability clays.

6 References

ENVIRON, Environmental Site Assessment, Alcan Mound, Kurri Kurri Aluminium Smelter, December 2012 (ENVIRON 2012).

Department of Mineral Resources, "1:100,000 Newcastle Coalfield Regional Geology", Edition 1 1994

7 Limitations

ENVIRON Australia prepared this report in accordance with the scope of work as outlined in our proposal to Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd and in accordance with our understanding and interpretation of current regulatory standards.

A representative program of sampling and laboratory analyses was undertaken as part of this investigation, based on past and present known uses of the site. While every care has been taken, concentrations of contaminants measured may not be representative of conditions between the locations sampled and investigated. We cannot therefore preclude the presence of materials that may be hazardous.

Site conditions may change over time. This report is based on conditions encountered at the site at the time of the report and ENVIRON disclaims responsibility for any changes that may have occurred after this time.

The conclusions presented in this report represent ENVIRON's professional judgment based on information made available during the course of this assignment and are true and correct to the best of ENVIRON's knowledge as at the date of the assessment.

ENVIRON did not independently verify all of the written or oral information provided to ENVIRON during the course of this investigation. While ENVIRON has no reason to doubt the accuracy of the information provided to it, the report is complete and accurate only to the extent that the information provided to ENVIRON was itself complete and accurate.

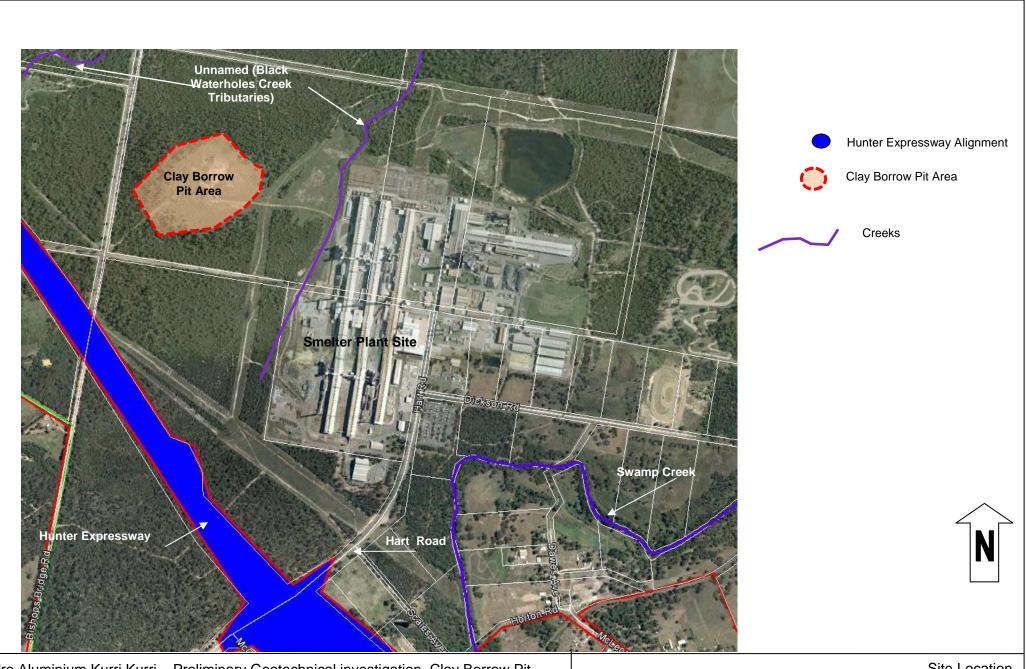
This report does not purport to give legal advice. This advice can only be given by qualified legal advisors.

7.1 User Reliance

This report has been prepared exclusively for Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd and may not be relied upon by any other person or entity without ENVIRON's express written permission.

Figures

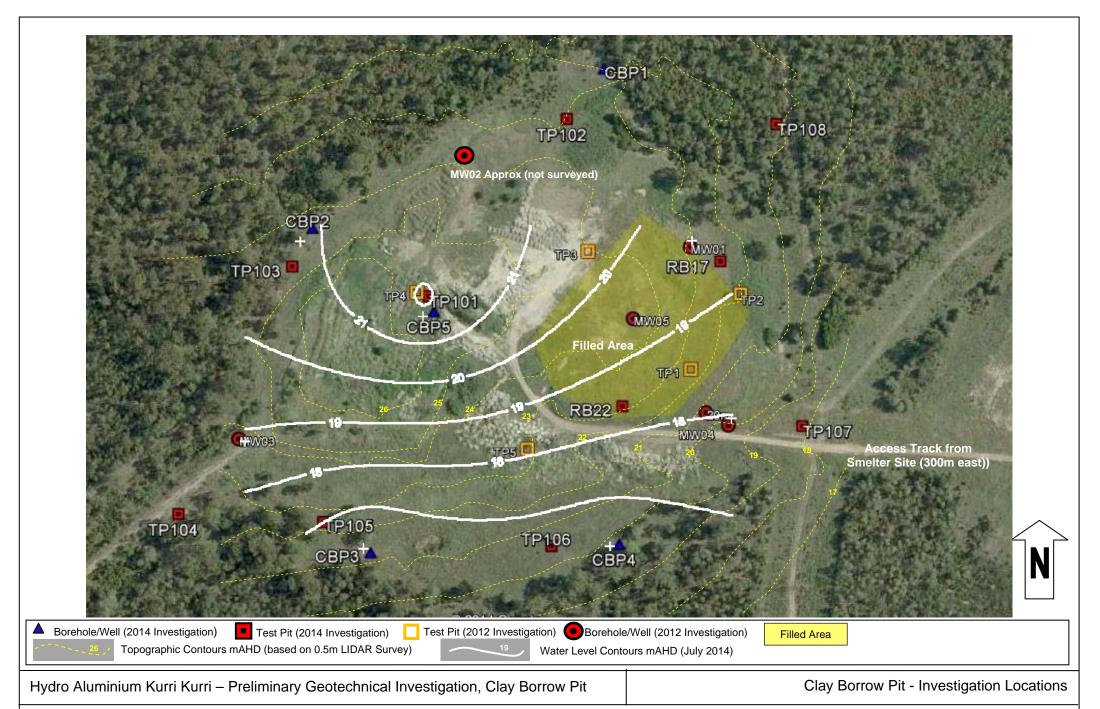
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Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri – Preliminary Geotechnical investigation, Clay Borrow Pit

Site Location

S ENVIRON



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JOB NO: AS130389 DATE: February 2015 FIGURE 2

Appendix A

Borehole/Test Pit Logs

Borehole MW01 terminated at 11.5m

BOREHOLE / TEST PIT KURRI KURRI.GPJ GINT STD AUSTRALIA.GDT 18/5/12

							BOREHOI	LE NUMBER M\
13	N V	' I R	ON					PAGE 1
			orsk Hydro <i>i</i>		DR043			
					COMPLETED _12/4/12			
					erratest			
Method	Water		utded raphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Descri		Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations
Pushtube					Topsoil with some fill Clay: grey, high plasticity, moist.		0-0.05m (PID 0 ppm) 0.5-0.6m (PID 0 ppm)	FILL RESIDUAL CLAY
P			2		interbedded red/grey clay Clay: grey, high plasticity, moist. Sandy Clay: red, low plasticity, dry.			
ADT	None Encountered		4 		grading to grey clay EW Siltstone, grey, dry			EW SILTSTONE
			-		Borehole MW02 terminated at 16m			

E 1	N V	/ I R O	N					ВС	DREHOL	E NUMBER MW PAGE 1
							COMPLETED 12/4/12			
NO	TES	3								
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Des	scription	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations
ADT				- 2 - 4 6 - 8 8 10			Clay: grey, medium plasticity Clay: red, medium plasticity, moist Clay: brown, medium plasticity, moist Clay: grey. Clay: brown. Clay: khaki, high plasticity, with some EW Siltstone as Clay: dark grey, med	gravel. wet.	0-0.1m (PID of ppm)	EW SILTSTONE
				12			Borehole MW03b terminated at 11.5n	1		

€ 1	N V	' I R C	N					E	BOREHO	LE NUMBER M\ PAGE 1
							COMPLETED 12/4/12			
								_ 1000ED DT _100		ONLOKED DT
Method	Water			Depth (m)	hic Log	Classification Symbol		cription	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations
		1004 1004 1004 1004	` ′	,			Silty Clay: black, high plasticity, moist			0 ESTUARINE SEDIMENTS
ADT							Clay: red, low plasticity, dry.		ppm)	RESIDUAL CLAY
	•			<u>6</u> –			Clay: grey, low plasticity, dry.			EW SILTSTONE
				1 <u>0</u>	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×					
				1 <u>2</u>			Borehole MW04 terminated at 11.5m			

€ 1	N V	I R O	N					ı	BOREHOL	E NUMBER M\ PAGE 1
CLI	IENT	Γ Norsl	k Hyd	dro AS	SA			PROJECT NAME Pha	ase 2 ESA	
PR	OJE	CT NUI	/IBEF	R DE	11HDI	R043		PROJECT LOCATION	Kurri Kurri	
Α	TE S	STARTE	D_1	2/4/12	2		COMPLETED <u>12/4/12</u>	R.L. SURFACE	0	DATUM
R	ILLII	NG CO	NTRA	СТОІ	R Ter	ratest		SLOPE 90°	E	BEARING
									c	CHECKED BY
NO	ILES									
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Des	scription	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations
				-			Fill: Clayey Silt: medium plasticity with	some gravel.		FILL
				-		}	Fill: Clay: red-grey, high plasticity.			
				-			Fill: Gravelly Sandy Clay: low plasticity		0.6-0.8m (PID 0 ppm)]
				1			Fill: Gravelly Clay: brown, coarse grain	ned, angular gravel (brick).	у о ррии)	
				-						
				-						
				2			Fill: Gravelly Clay: brown, low plasticit	y with some brick.	1.8-2.0m	-
ADI				_					(DUP3,3A), (PID 0 ppm)	
				-			Fill: Gravelly Sand: khaki, coarse grain	ned, wet		
				-						
				3						
				-						
				-						
				4						
				-			Fill: Gravel: khaki, fine grained, wet.		 	
				-			Clay: grey/red, high plasticity, moist.			RESIDUAL CLAY
				-						
_o				5						
Pushtube				-						
ਰ				-						
				6						
				-			Borehole MW05 terminated at 6m			
				-	-					
				7	-					
				-	1					
				-	-					
				8						
				-						
				-	1					
				-						
				9	-					
				-						
				-	-					
				_	1					1

TEST PIT NUMBER TP1
PAGE 1 OF 1

ENVIRON

BOREHOLE / TEST PIT KURRI KURRI.GPJ GINT STD AUSTRALIA.GDT 18/5/12

				ydro A			PROJECT NAME Phase 2 ESA							
PRO	JE	CT N	UMBE	ER _D	E11HI	DR043	PROJECT LOCATION K	urri Kurri						
DAT	ES	STAR	TED_	12/4/	12	COMPLETED 12/4/12	R.L. SURFACE		DATUM					
EXC	A۷	ATIO	N CO	NTRA	CTOF	R	SLOPE		BEARING					
EQU	IP	MENT	Exc	avato	r 20T		TEST PIT LOCATION Clay	Borrow Pit						
TES	T P	IT SI	ZE _				LOGGED BY FR		CHECKED BY SC					
NOT	ES													
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description	n	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations					
E			0.5 1.0 1.5			FILL, sandy CLAY, brown, moist, bricks, concret size. Hole unstable at 1.6m due to water ingress	e, timber, concrete to 0.2m in		FILL					
			2.0 - - - 2.5 - - -			Test Pit terminated at 1.8m (approx.) Borehole TP1 terminated at 1.8m								

TEST PIT NUMBER TP2

ENVIRON PAGE 1 OF 1

			orsk H			DR043	PROJECT NAME Phase 2 ESA PROJECT LOCATION Kurri Kurri						
EX EC	(CA\ QUIP	ATIC MENT PIT SI	N CO	NTRA cavato	ACTOF or 20T	₹	R.L. SURFACE						
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Descri	ption	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations				
BOREHOLE / TEST PIT KURRI KURRI GPJ GINT STD AUSTRALIA GDT 18/5/12	<u> </u>		1. <u>5</u>			FILL, silty SAND, includes broken concrete si brown, red to yellow, slightly moist. Water into the same state of the same state of the same state of the same state of the same state. Test Pit terminated at 1.2m Borehole TP2 terminated at 1.2m			FILL				

TEST PIT NUMBER TP3 PAGE 1 OF 1

$\overline{\epsilon}$	N	٧	I	R	0	N

					NSA								
DAT	ΈS	STAR	TED_	12/4/	12	COMPLETED 12/4/12	R.L. SURFACE		DATUM				
						R							
			ZE				_ LOGGED BY FR		CHECKED BY SC				
TO	ES												
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Descrip	iion	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations				
	•					FILL, silty clayey SAND, orange/yellow, minor	rubble content.		FILL				
+						Terminated at approx. 2.0m Borehole TP3 terminated at 2m							
			2 <u>.5</u> 										

TEST PIT NUMBER TP4

			orsk Hy UMBE			DR043			
AT	E S	STAR	TED_	12/4/ ⁻	12	COMPLETED 12/4/12	R.L. SURFACE		DATUM
						R			
ES	ΤP	IT SI	ZE				LOGGED BY FR		CHECKED BY SC
ΟТ	ES	Sto	ckpile	d con	crete,	refractory brick, bitumen around location	on		
	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Desc	ription	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations
J						FILL, sandy CLAY, some gravel cobbles inc	uding natural rock and slag		FILL
			0. <u>5</u>			silty SAND; relict topsoil			TOPSOIL
7	None encountered		1.0			sandy CLAY, moist, stiff, orange, mottled grade of the state of the st	y, EW SANDSTONE/RESIDUAL		EW SANDSTONE
			2.0			Borehole TP4 terminated at 1.6m			

TEST PIT NUMBER TPA

ENV	/ I R	ON					1231	PAGE 1 OF 1		
CLIEN				SA E11HDR04	43	PROJECT NAME Phas				
	VATIO	N CO	NTRA	CTOR	COMPLETED _12/4/12	R.L. SURFACE SLOPE TEST PIT LOCATION _C.		DATUMBEARING		
TEST NOTE		ZE				LOGGED BY FR		CHECKED BY SC		
ethod ater	RL	Depth	aphic Log	assification mbol	Material Desc	ription	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations		

TE	ST F	PIT S	ZE _			LOGGED BY FR		_ CHECKED BY SC		
NO	TES	<u> </u>								
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Symbol	Material Description	Samples Tests Remarks	Additional Observations		
Ш						silty SAND; topsoil, black, slightly moist		TOPSOIL		
	ntered		0.5							
	None encountered		- 1. <u>0</u>			sandy CLAY; stiff, slightly moist, mottled orange/brown/yellow, EW SANDSTONE/RESIDUAL		EW SANDSTONE		
						Test pit terminated at 1.1m Borehole TP5 terminated at 1.1m				
			_							
			_							
			1.5							
			_							
			_							
			2.0							
			_							
			2.5							
			_							
			_							
			_							
			_							
			3.0							

PAGE 1 OF 2

Q	ENVIRON

						9		PROJECT LOCATION _Kurri Kurri R.L. SURFACE _21.819								
						COMPLETED 15/7/14 raTest										
						√ √										
						•										
						1										
Method	Water	We Deta	ell RL	Dept	raphic Log		Weathering			nated ngth	D-	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa)- diam- etral - axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm	Defect De	scription
Auger				,										<u> </u>		
ΑΓ						moist, mc=pl									SPT n > 14	
			21													
				_		RESIDUAL CLAY; red-brown to grey, medium plasticity										
						modum placesty									SPT n = 25	
			20												3F111 - 23	
				4	2											
						Fragments of EW siltstone (iron-stain)										
			19													
	٦			3	3	Silty CLAY; brown and grey, slightly									SPT n = 60	
	ıntere					moist/dry, low-medium plasticity										
	Encol		18		-											
	None Encountered			4	<u> </u>	Fragments of extremely weathered/highly										
	_	250	200			weathered siltstone										
ped			17		- × ×	Very hard, remnant siltsone/sandstone texture, trace calcite Continued as cored HQ hole									SPT refusal	
HQ Cored				<u>;</u>	_ ^ ^	SILTSTONE; brown to grey, massive bedded	EW									
					- × × - × × - × ×	Clay layer Grey										
					$\dashv \overset{\sim}{\downarrow} \overset{\sim}{\downarrow}$										Massively bedded, no	visible defects
			16 15 14 12 11 12	_6	5 × × × × × × × ×	Calcite inclusions	E101/1 IV									
					× × × ×	Calcite	EW/HV	۷								
					IX X											
			15 15	1 2	- × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×											
					- × × × ×											
					× × × × × ×	Becoming coarser SANDSTONE										
Blade Bit			14	8_	$ \times \times$	Coring Terminated at 7.65m. Borehole reamed to 20.2m										
Bla																
					× × × × × ×											
			13	9	$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{x}$											
					- × × × ×											
					- × × - × ×											
			12	10	$\begin{array}{c} \times \times \\ \times \times \end{array}$											
				,												
					- × × - × × - × ×											
		127	20 11		$\stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow}\stackrel{\circ}{\times}\stackrel{\circ}{\times}$				11							

PAGE 2 OF 2

	ENVIRON
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CLIE	ENT		Alur	ninium	Kurr	i Kurri Pty Ltd								
DAT DRII	E S	STARTE	D <u>15</u>	5/7/14 CTOR	Terr		R.L.	SURFACE	21.81	9		DATUM _ m AHD BEARING		
	.E S	SIZE				/								
- 1	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering	Estimated Strength	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm	Defect Description		
Blade Bit			9 8 8 7 7 6 6	1 <u>2</u> 1 <u>3</u> 1 <u>4</u> 1 <u>5</u> 1 <u>6</u> 1 <u>6</u> -	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	Circulation loss noted at 16m CBP1 terminated at 20.2m								

PAGE 1 OF 1

Q	ENVIRON

CLIENT Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd PROJECT NUMBER AS130389																	
								RO.	JEC	TL	OCATION	1 _K	urri				
DATE STARTED 16/7/14 COMPLETED 16/7/14																	
														BEARING			
	EQUIPMENT Commachio ADV																
	HOLE SIZE									BY	SC				CHECKED BY KG		
NOTES																	
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering	Estimated Strength MPa D-diametral A-axial S(50)					Defect Spacing mm		Detect Description		
Auger				- - -	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	TOPSOIL; silty SAND, brown, dry RESIDUAL CLAY; red-brown, brown and grey, high plasticity, mc>PL											
			23	1 -		Becoming grey-cream (siltstone fragments)									SPT - n = 15		
			22	2 -		Becoming extremely weathered SILTSTONE as silty CLAY; cream to red-brown									SPT - n = 22		
			21	3		Harder Relict sandstone/siltstone, structure with iron (red), cemented layers ~10mm, as silty									SPT - n = 22		
			20	<u>4</u>		sandy CLAY									SPT - n = 53		
			18	6		Silty CLAY with some sand; brown and grey, low-medium plasticity, moist mc <pl< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SPT - n = 45</td></pl<>									SPT - n = 45		
HQ Core	▼		17 2 3 16	7 - - 8	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Extremely weathered SHALE; grey, laminated, horizontal bedded SILTSTONE; grey, massively bedded, with some medium-coarse grained sand, becoming laminated horizontal sandy SILTSTONE									SPT - refusal		
			15 15 14 14	9 -	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Sandy, horizontal and sub-horizontal laminar bedding									75 degrees, joint, planer, rough		
			X .		× × × × × ×	CBP2 terminated at 10.58m											

BOREHOLE NUMBER CBP3 PAGE 1 OF 2

	ENVIRON
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CLIENT Hydro Aluminium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd								PROJECT NAME Clay Borrow Pit Geotechnical Investigation									
PR	ΟJE	CT NUM	/IBER	_AS1	30389	9	_ PR	O.	IEC	ΓLC	OCATION	1 <u>K</u>	ri				
DATE STARTED 16/7/14 COMPLETED 16/7/14																	
DRILLING CONTRACTOR TerraTest									9	0°			BEARING				
EQUIPMENT Commachio ADV																	
HOLE SIZE									ED E	BY	SC		CHECKED BY KG				
NO	NOTES																
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering	Estimated Strength		Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm		Defect Description			
Auger			20			TOPSOIL RESIDUAL CLAY; red-brown, brown and grey, medium-high plasticity, moist, mc>PL, trace sand and rock fragments									SPT - n = 17		
			19	2		Pale cream and red/brown, medium-high plasticity									SPT - n = 23		
			18	3		Relict sandy SILTSTONE structure as silty CLAY; grey, medium plasticity, moist mc~PL									SPT - n = 25		
			7	5											SPT - n = 35		
HQ Core			14	<u>6</u>	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	Extremely weathered laminated SILTSTONE as sitty CLAY, grey and brown, medium plasticity, moist <pl, 6m="" after="" and="" as="" at="" bedding,="" borehole="" continued="" cored="" extremely="" fragments="" grey,="" horizontal="" laminated,="" log="" refusal="" rock="" sand="" siltstone;="" spt="" sub-horizontal.<="" td="" to="" trace="" weatherd=""><td>HW/MW</td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SPT - refusal \ Joints 35 degrees planar, sl-rough, Fe stained 65 degrees joint, rough, planar, Fe stained</td></pl,>	HW/MW	,							SPT - refusal \ Joints 35 degrees planar, sl-rough, Fe stained 65 degrees joint, rough, planar, Fe stained		
Blade Bit			13 13 12 12 11 11	-	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Becoming coarser, massive bedding, sandy SILTSTONE with some rounded pebbles (20mm) at 7.6m Clay zone (7.9-8.1m). Coring ceased at 8.82m. Borehole reamed to 20m.	MW										
			10 X	11	× × × × × × × ×												

PAGE 2 OF 2

Q	ENVIRON
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								PROJECT NAME _Clay Borrow Pit Geotechnical Investigation PROJECT LOCATION _Kurri Kurri										
DA DR EQ HC	TE S ILLI UIPI LE S	STARTE NG CON MENT	D _10	6/7/14 CTOR machic	_Teri	completed 16/7/14	R.L SL	OF OLE	SURFACE PE <u>90°</u> E LOCATI	20.71 ON So	4 uthe	ern (DATUM _ m AHD BEARING orrow Pit, Hydro Buffer Zone					
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Material Description BL Depth (m) Depth (m) Depth (m) Depth (m) Depth (m) Material Description Material Description Material Description Material Description						Defect Spacing mm			Defect Description					
Blade Bit			8 8 6	12 12 13 13 14 15	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	SILTSTONE; grey, laminated, extremely weatherd bedding, horizontal to sub-horizontal. (continued) CBP3 terminated at 20m												

BOREHOLE NUMBER CBP4 PAGE 1 OF 2

CLI	ENT	Hyd	ro Alu	Minium AS1	Nurr	i Kurri Pty Ltd						ME <u>CI</u>				Geotechnical Investigation
DRI EQI HOI	LLIN JIPN LE S	NG CO MENT SIZE	Com	CTOR machic	Terr	raTest	_ SLC _ HOL)PE	E _	90°	TIC	N Soi	uth	East 0	Clay	Borrow Pit, Hydro Buffer Zone
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering			nate ngth	1	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defe Spaci mm	ng I	Defect Description
Auger			18	1 2		TOPSOIL RESIDUAL CLAY; red-brown, medium-high plasticity, mc>PL, trace of fine sand and extremely weathered siltstone fragments										SPT - n = 14 SPT - n = 18
			_16	3		Harder, silty sandy CLAY; grey and brown, low-medium plasticity mc <pl, bedding<="" extremely="" fine="" grey="" horizontal="" laminated,="" sand="" siltstone;="" td="" very="" weathered="" ~3.5,=""><td>i EW</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SPT - n = 42</td></pl,>	i EW									SPT - n = 42
Coled			15 14 14	<u>5</u>	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	SILTSTONE; grey, laminated, with horizontal/sub horizontal bedding, brown, iron stained clay bands 4.5-4.8m	EW									SPT refusal No visible defects
blade bit			13 12 12 12 12 12 12	- - - 7 - -	^	Coring stopped at 7.22m. Drilling continued to ream borehole down to 20m.	EW/HW									NO VISIDIE GERECTS
			13 12 11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	9 10	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×											

BOREHOLE NUMBER CBP4

PAGE 2 OF 2

Q	ENVIRON
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CL	ENT		o Alur	miniun	n Kurr	i Kurri Pty Ltd								Geotechnical Investigation
PROJECT NUMBER AS130389 DATE STARTED 17/7/14 COMPLETED 17/7/14 DRILLING CONTRACTOR TerraTest EQUIPMENT Commachio ADV HOLE SIZE NOTES							R.L SLC	SL DPE LE I	PRFACE 90° OCAT	E 19.09	uth	DATUM _ m AHD BEARING Borrow Pit, Hydro Buffer Zone		
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Ō	Material Description	Weathering		stimated trength	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial		Defe Spac mn	ing n	Defect Description
Blade Bit			-2	13 13 	××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	CBP4 terminated at 20m								

BOREHOLE NUMBER CBP5 PAGE 1 OF 2

ENVIRON

						i Kurri Pty Ltd	DI	- ∩ I	EC	TNA	ME C	av I	Rorr	ow Di	t Geotechnical Investigation
						9					CATION				
DA DR	RILLING CONTRACTOR TerraTest QUIPMENT Commachio ADV								_6	0°				BEARING	
	TES														
Method	Water	Well Details		Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering		stima tren	ated gth	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Sp.	efect acing nm	Defect Description
Auger			25	1	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TOPSOIL; Silty SAND RESIDUAL CLAY; brown and red-brown, medium-high plasticity, moist									SPT - n = 7
			24	2		Red-brown and grey, rootlets, angular fragments of extremely weathered Siltstone									SPT - n = 11
			23	3		Red-brown and light grey clay, high plasticity, LL>mc>PL, trace fragments of angular rock									SPT - n = 15
			22	4 - - - 5		Becoming extremely weathered Siltstone as silty CLAY; red brown, low plasticity, moist, mc <pl, calcite<="" fragments="" iron="" of="" siltstone,="" stained="" td="" trace="" white=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SPT - n = 32</td></pl,>									SPT - n = 32
			<u>20</u>	6		Very slight water at base ∼6m, hard brown silty CLAY (extremely weathered siltstone)									SPT - n = 46
				7 - - 8 -		Silty CLAY and extremely weathered SILTSTONE, brown and red-brown, low-medium plasticity, mc <pl< td=""><td>EW</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SPT - refusal</td></pl<>	EW								SPT - refusal
Cored				9		SANDSTONE; grey, medium grained, extremeley weathered, massively bedded (0.5-0.6 clay layer), very weak - crumbles under touch Coarse grained	EW								
			16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10		Sandstone cobble clast									

BOREHOLE NUMBER CBP5

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	ENVIRON
Q	ENVIRON

CL	ENT			ninium		i Kurri Pty Ltd	_ PF	ROJECT NA	AME C	ay I	Borro	w Pit	Geotechnical Investigation
PR	JE	CT NUM	BER	_AS1	30389	9	_ PF	ROJECT LO	CATION	I _k	Curri K	Curri	
						COMPLETED _15/7/14							
DR	LLI	NG CON	TRAC	TOR	Terr	raTest	SLC	PE <u>90°</u>					BEARING
						1							
							LOC	GED BY	SC				CHECKED BY KG
NO	TES												
Method	Water	Well Details	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering	Estimated Strength	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defe Spac mr	ing n	Defect Description
Overbored Cored Meth		Details A Company of the Company of	RL (m) 14 13 10 9 8 6	Depth (m) 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Grap	SANDSTONE; grey, medium grained, extremeley weathered, massively bedded (0.5-0.6 clay layer), very weak - crumbles under touch (continued) Coarse grained CBP5 terminated at 20m	Weat		etral	RQD	30	1000	
			<u>5</u>	21		Out o terminated at 2011							

TEST PIT NUMBER TP101 PAGE 1 OF 1

	ENVIRON
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V			.N	۷I	KON										
					um Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd S130389										t Geotechnical Investigation
					4 COMPLETED 7/8/14	R.L	S	SUR	RFAC	E	25.73	5AF	HD		DATUM
					CTOR										
EQ	UIPI	MENT	Bac	khoe		_ TES	ST	PIT	LO	CA	TION _	Ne	xt to	CBP	5
								GED	BY	S	SC			CHECKED BY KG	
NO	TES						_			_					T .
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	0	Material Description	Weathering			mate ength	וי	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	q2 r	efect acing nm	Defect Description
			-		FILL; Clayey SAND; brown, fine to medium grained, low plasticity fines, trace bricks etc., moist										
			0 <u>.5</u>		Resiual CLAY; grey and red-brown, high-medium plasticity, moist, very stiff-hard, mc <pl< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></pl<>										
	ountered		1 <u>.0</u>		CLAY/sandy CLAY; brown to light frey and red-brown, medium to high plasticity, pockets of Fe cemented EW sandstone, slightly moist, mc <pl, hard<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></pl,>										
	None Encountered		1 <u>.5</u>												
			2.0												
			3 <u>.0</u>		Becoming extremely weathered sandstone/siltstone										
			3 <u>.5</u>		TP101 terminated at 3.7m										
			4 <u>.0</u>												
			-												
			-												
			4.5												
			-												
			-												
			5.0												

TEST PIT NUMBER TP102

PAGE 1 OF 1

	ENVIRON
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CLIEN	NT _H	ydro Alum		PROJECT NAME Clay Borrow Pit Geotechnical Investigation PROJECT LOCATION Kurri Kurri			
DATE EXCA	STAR	TED 7/8 ON CONTI	3/14	R.L. SURFACE 22.627 AHD DATUM	DATUM BEARING f CBP1		
NOTE							
Method			Material Description	Estimated Strength MPa D- diametral A- axial A- axial Defect Spacing mm Defect Description			
		0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0	Sandy SILT; dark grey, low plasticity, fine grained, moist, soft/firm Residual CLAY/Sandy CLAY/ red-brown and grey, light grey, medium-high plasticity, moist, mc=pl, fragments of Fe stained EW siltstone/sandstone, hard, very hard digging				
		3. <u>0</u> 3. <u>5</u> - 4. <u>0</u> - 4. <u>5</u>	TP102 terminated at 2.9m				

TEST PIT NUMBER TP103 PAGE 1 OF 1

	ENVIRON
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V			N	۷I	RON									
					um Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd S130389							Geotechnical Investigation		
					4 COMPLETED 7/8/14	R.L	L. S	SURFACE	24.72	5 A	HD	DATUM		
					CTOR									
								SED BY _	SC			CHECKED BY KG		
NO	TES													
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering		Estimated Strength	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm	Defect Description		
			-		TOPSOIL; sandy SILT, brown, dry									
			0 <u>.5</u>		Residual CLAY; brown/red-brown, high plasticity, moist, very stiff/hard									
	untered		1 <u>.0</u>		Sandy CLAY; light grey and red brown, medium-high plasticity, fine sand, fragments of Fe stained EW siltstone/sandstone, moist, mc <pl, hard<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></pl,>									
	None Encountered		- 1 <u>.5</u> - -											
			2 <u>.0</u>		becoming EW siltstone (very hard digging)									
			2.5		TP103 terminated at 2.15m									
			3.0											
			- - -											
			3 <u>.5</u>											
			4.0											
			_ _ _ 											
			4 <u>.5</u> - -											
			5.0											

TEST PIT NUMBER TP104 PAGE 1 OF 1

	ENVIRON
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•	4		IV	۷I	KON								
CLI	ENT	_ Ну	dro Al	uminiı	um Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd	PF	ROJECT NA	AME CI	ay E	Borrow Pit	Geotechnical Invest	tigation	
PR	OJE	CT N	JMBE	R _A	S130389	PF	ROJECT LO	CATION	I <u>K</u>	Curri Kurri			
DA	TE S	STAR	ΓED _	7/8/14	4 COMPLETED 7/8/14	R.L.	SURFACE	21.86	8 Al	HD	DATUM		
					CTOR								
TES	ST P	IT SIZ	ZE			LOC	GED BY	SC			CHECKED BY	KG	
NO	TES		<u> </u>					<u> </u>					
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering	Estimated Strength	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm	Defect De	escription	
Me	None Encountered Wa	K(E)	(m)		FILL (road base); Gravelly sandy SILT; cream Residual Sandy CLAY; light grey and red-brown, medium to high plasticity, fine grained sand, slightly moist to moist, mc <pl, 1.6m<="" at="" ew="" fragments="" hard,="" of="" siltstone="" stiff="" td="" terminated="" to="" tp104="" very=""><td>Me Me</td><td></td><td>A- axial</td><td>RO</td><td>300</td><td></td><td></td></pl,>	Me Me		A- axial	RO	300			
			4.0										
			4.5										

TEST PIT NUMBER TP105

PAGE 1 OF 1

	ENV	IRON
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							PROJECT NAME Clay Borrow Pit Geotechnical Investigation PROJECT LOCATION Kurri Kurri												
DATE STARTED _7/8/14 COMPLETED _7/8/14 EXCAVATION CONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT _Backhoe								UR E	FAC	E _2	21.58	5 Al	DATUM BEARING						
TE	ST P	IT SIZ	ZE _																
Method	Water		Depth (m)	ohic Log	Material Description	Weathering			nated ngth	D-	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa - diam- etral - axial	RQD %	Spa n	efect acing nm	Defect Description				
	None Encountered		1.0 		Slopewash; Gravelly Snady SILT; grey, slightly moist, soft Residual CLAY; red/brown and brown, high plasticity, moist, mc=pl Sandy CLAY; light grey and red-brown, medium to high plasticity, moist, mc=pl and >p, very stiff to hard, fragments of Fe stained EW siltstone (mottled)														
			3. <u>0</u> 3. <u>5</u> 4. <u>0</u> 4. <u>5</u> 5.0		TP105 terminated at 2.5m														

TEST PIT NUMBER TP106

PAGE 1 OF 1

C	ENVIRON
----------	----------------

	IEN1												t Geotechnical Investigation			
DA EX	TE S	STAR /ATIO	TED _	7/8/1	4	_ R.L	: OF	SU	RF	ACE	19.68	7 A	DATUMBEARING			
TE	ST F	PIT SI	ZE _				_ TEST PIT LOCATION _~30m West of LOGGED BY _SC									
Method	Water		Depth (m)	ohic Log	Material Description	Weathering				ated gth	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial		S	Defection mm	ng	Defect Description
			1.5 		Silty SANDY slopewash/Topsoil; silghtly moist Residual CLAY and Sandy CLAY; red-brown then light grey/cream and red-brown, medium to high plasticity, fine, sandy, moist, mc=pl, very stiff to hard, fragments of EW siltstone (EW Fe stained)											
			3.0 		TP106 terminated at 2.5m											

					ium Kurri Kurri Pty Ltd .S130389									
DA EX	TE CA	STAF VATIO	RTED ON CC	_7/8/1 DNTRA	4 COMPLETED _7/8/14	_ R.L	(OF	SUI	RFA	CE	17.35	DATUMBEARING		
Έ		PIT S												
Method	Water	RL (m)			Material Description	Weathering			imat eng		Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	Defect Spacing mm	Defect Description
			2.0		TOPSOIL; slightly moist CLAY and Sandy CLAY; red-brown, becoming light grey, medium to high plasticity, fine sand, moist									
			1. <u>(</u>		Sandy CLAY as above with EW siltstone fragments									
			2.0		TP107 terminated at 2.6m									
			3. <u>c</u>	_ _ _ _										
			4. <u>(</u>))										
			4.5	5										

						PROJECT NAME Clay Borrow Pit Geotechnical Investigation PROJECT LOCATION Kurri Kurri													
DA	TE S	TAR	TED	7/8/1	4 COMPLETED 7/8/14	R.L	. Sl	JRF	ACE	E _20.5	DATUM								
	EQUIPMENT Backhoe																		
	EST PIT SIZE						GGE	ED I	BY	SC	CHECKED BY KG								
Method	Water	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description	Weathering			ated ngth	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diar etra A- axia	n- 8	; ا	Defe Spac mn	ing n	Defect Description				
			-	1/ 2/1/	Topsoil/Slopewash; Silty SAND								1						
			-	\(\frac{1}{1}\). \(\frac{1}{1}\).															
			0. <u>5</u>		CLAY; red-brown and grey, medium-high plasticity, some sand, moist														
			-																
			1.0																
			-																
			1.5		EW SILTSTONE; hard digging														
			_																
			-		TP108 terminated at 1.7m														
			2.0																
			-																
			2 <u>.5</u>																
			-																
			3.0																
			-																
			-																
			3.5	-															
			-	1															
			4.0																
			-																
			4.5																
			-																
			-	-															

Appendix B

Core Photographs: CPB1 - CPB5























Appendix C

Pit Soil Profile Photographs



Photograph 1 Test Pit TP101



Photograph 2 Test Pit TP102



Photograph 3 Test Pit TP103



Photograph 4 Test Pit TP104



Photograph 5 Test pit TP105



Photograph 6 Test Pit TP106



Photograph 7 Test Pit TP107



Photograph 8 Test Pit TP108



Photograph 9 Test Pit RB 17



Photograph 10 Test Pit RB 22

Appendix D

Site Survey Report





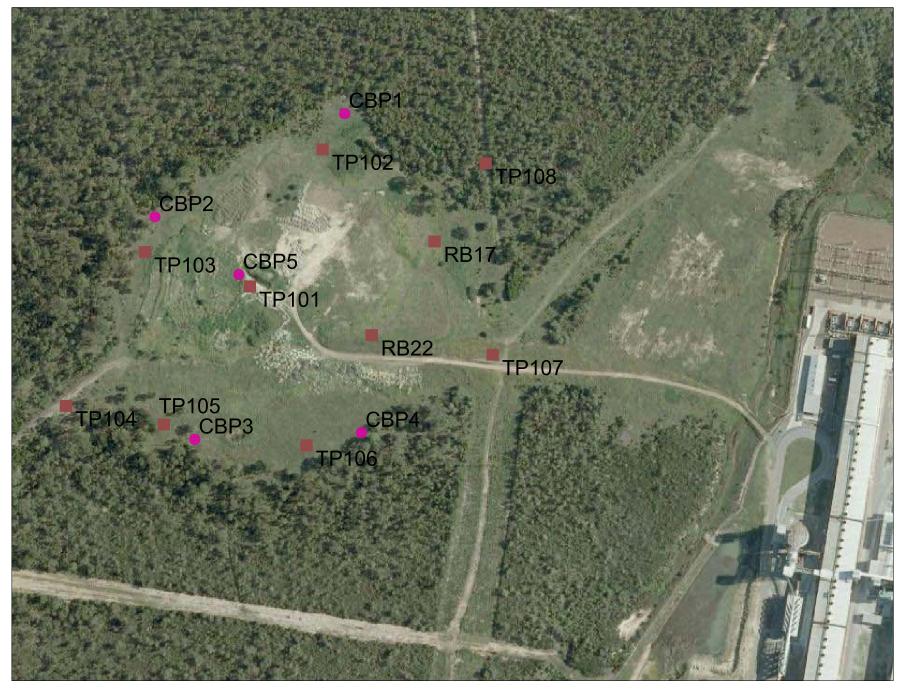


- Note -

- 1. Plan not to scale
- A complete Investigation of services has not been undertaken for this survey.
- Services shown hereon have been located by field survey of visible surface features.
- 4. Depths and Inverts are only shown where access is reasonable. 5. Designers are to inform themselves of the location of services.
 This plan should not be used for critical design dimensions in relation to existing structures and services. Confirmation of critical positions and boundaries should be obtained from RPS Australia East Pty Ltd.
- RYS Australia East Hy Liu.

 6. The location and depth of all underground services whether shown on the drawlng(s) or not, shall be precisely determined before any demolition, excavation or construction work commences and appropriate measures taken to protect these services from damage. Prior to carrying out any onsite works, all utility authorities are to be contacted and consulted by contractors and builders to determine the location of services, and any engineering and OHS requirements as applicable.

HYDRO ALUMINIUM



MONITORING WELLS 11 SEPTEMBER 2014

EASTING (MGA)	NORTHING (MGA)	RL (AHD)	MONITORING WELL / TEST PIT
357083.544	6371595.722	22.463	CBP1
		21.819	NS
356930.905	6371506.336	24.793	CBP2
		24.055	NS
356966.106	6371330.37	21.378	CBP3
		20.714	NS
357103.594	6371331.861	19.762	CBP4
		19.092	NS
356999.421	6371463.604	26.285	CBP5
		25.648	NS
357003.279	6371460.459	25.735	TP101
357068.687	6371569.812	22.627	TP102
356921.072	6371477.3	24.725	TP103
356856.133	6371351	21.868	TP104
356941.283	6371346.35	21.585	TP105
357066.109	6371330.664	19.687	TP106
357204.923	6371397.008	17.358	TP107
357193.294	6371564.899	20.532	TP108
357151.003	6371489.16	22.377	RB17
357106.056	6371410.328	22.237	RB22

TEST PIT

MONITORING WELL

RL'S TAKEN ON TOP OF PVC UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

MONITORING WELL & TEST PIT

" HYDRO ALUMINIUM " HART ROAD, LOXFORD

DATUM: AHD PROJECTION: MGA 56

11 SEPTEMBER 2014 PURPOSE: MONITORING WELLS & PITS

Copyright AUTOCAD REF: 112931 - 1A (11-09-14)

VERSION (PLAN BY): MONITORING WELLS 11-09-14

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Survey data for wells installed in 2012

EASTING	NORTHING	RL (AHD)	Monitoring Well					
357149.835	6371507.024	22.848	MW01					
		22.054	NS					
356899.84	6371391.648	24.117	MW03					
		23.335	NS					
357171.681	6371404.848	19.71	MW04					
		18.882	NS					
357115.113	6371457.767	24.813	MW05					
		23.962	NS					
NS Natural Surface								
All well RI's taken from top of PVC casing								

Appendix E

Laboratory Results Summary and Laboratory Reports

Table E1 Summary of Testing Results

						Moisture Content	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity index	MDD (Standard) (1)	OMC (1)	permeability (w/leachate) ⁽³⁾	permeability ⁽²⁾	% passing 0.002mm	% passing 0.075mm	% passing 1.18 mm	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel	Description	uses
Sample Name	Sample Depth (mbgl)	Sample Depth (mAHD)	Pit/Bore Location ⁽⁴⁾	Soil Description - Origin ⁽⁵⁾	Clay Thickness metres (approx)																	
RB17	1.5-2	20.9-20.4	Mid-eastern slope of CBP area	Silty Clay - residual	_(6)	27.6	43	11	32	1.66	20	5.00E-12	1.00E-11	50	71	97	50	21	26	3	Silty Sandy CLAY with trace gravel	CL
RB22	1-1.5	21.2-20.7	Mid-eastern slope of CBP area	Silty Clay - residual	_(6)	25.3	66	16	50					60	82	99	60	22	17	1	Sandy Silty CLAY with trace of Gravel	CH
RB22	2.5-2.8	19.7-19.4	Mid-eastern slope of CBP area	Silty Clay - residual	_(6)	19.8	48	26	22					40	85	100	40	45	15	0	Sandy Clayey SILT	CL
TP101	1.2-1.8	24.5-23.9	mid-CBP - topographic high point	Silty Clay - residual	3	18.2	43	14	29	1.68	18	8.00E-11	5.00E-10	37	75	93	37	38	18	7	Sandy Clayey SILT with some Gravel	CL
TP102	0.9-1.5	21.7-21.1	NW CBP	Silty Clay - residual	2	16.5	36	13	23					22	60	85	22	38	25	15	Gravelly Clayey Sandy SILT	CL
TP103	0.2-0.6	24.5-24.1	Western CBP	Silty Clay - residual	1.5	21.6	48	14	34	1.59	23		2.00E-11	60	86	98	60	26	12		Silty CLAY with some Sand and trace of Gravel	CL
TP104	0.6-1	21.3-20.9	South-western corner CBP (up track)	Silty Clay - residual	1.5	18.2	62	15	47					60	87	99	60	27	12		Silty CLAY with some Sand and trace of Gravel	CH
TP105	1-1.5	20.6-20.1	Southern CBP	Silty Clay - residual	2	20.3	53	20	33	1.64	21		4.00E-11	40	85	91	40	45	6		Clayey SILT with some Sand and Gravel	CH
TP106	0.8-1.4	18.9-18.3	South-eastern CBP	Silty Clay - residual	2	13.6	35	12	23					35	80	96	35	45	16		Sandy Clayey SILT with trace Gravel	CL
TP107	0.5-1	16.9-16.4	Eastern CBP (near base of slope)	Silty Clay - residual	1.5	22.3	45	13	32	1.66	19	3.00E-11	1	40	72	97	40	32	25	3	Sandy Silty CLAY with trace of Gravel	CL

Notes.

1. Moisture density testing (ASTM D698) - MDD - Maximum Dry Density, OMC Optimum Moisture Content, under Standard Compaction 2. Permeability (remoulded flexible wall) – ASTM D5804) with potable water 3. Permeability (remoulded flexible wall) – ASTM D5804) with supplied Leachate (fluoride, cyanide, sodium) 4. See Figure 2 5. See logs in Appendix A For detailed soil descriptions 6. RB17 and RB22 were part of an associated investigation which did not excavate full clay profiles.



Order No:

SGS Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 6432 Alexandria NSW 2015 Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No:

Project:

AS130389

Tested Date: 9/09/2014 SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2764

Lab: Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: RB17 1.50-2.00m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown

27.6% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2764-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No:

Order No: Tested Date:

Lab:

9/09/2014

Alexandria CMT

SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Project: Location: AS130389

Sample No: Sample ID:

14-AC-2764 RB17 1.50-2.00m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown

Liquid Limit: 43% Plastic Limit: 11% 32% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418

Date: 10/09/2014

Cert No.: 14-AC-2764-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No:

Order No:

Lab:

9/09/2014

Tested Date: SGS Job Number: 14-32-383

Alexandria CMT

Project: Location: Sample No:

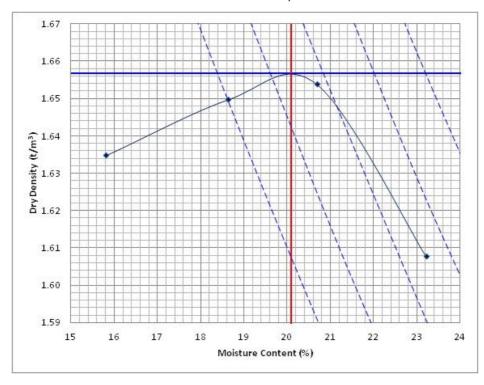
14-AC-2764

AS130389

Sample ID: RB17 1.50-2.00m

Dry Density / Moisture Content Relation of a Soil

AS 1289.5.1.1 - Standard Compactive Effort



Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown

Maximum Dry Density: 1.66t/m³ **Optimum Moisture Content:** 20.0% Percent Oversize: 0% Sieve Size: 19.0mm

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2764-AN027.1 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-027



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

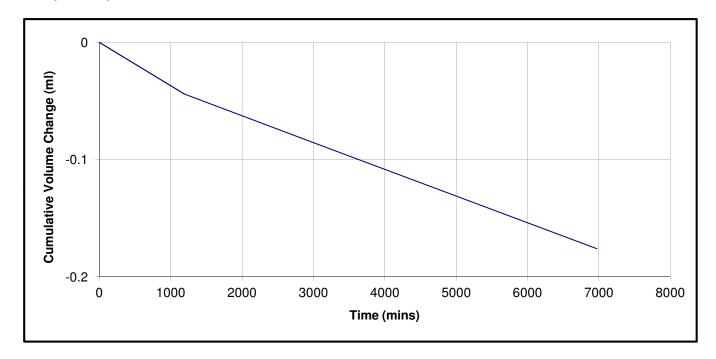
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 **Date Tested:** 27.08.14

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2764 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: RB17 1.50-2.00m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown



Coefficient of Permeability 5E-12 (metres/second)

Mean Effective Stress 100 (kPa)

Permeant Used Leachate supplied by client

SAMPLE DETAILS

Diameter of Specimen50.3(mm)Height of Specimen49.5(mm)

REMOULD DATA

Laboratory Moisture Ratio 100.1 (%) Laboratory Density Ratio 100.3 (%)

Retained on 19mm Sieve - (%)

Compactive Effort Standard

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Comments:

Approved Signatory:



C. Page fol

Corey Papu-Gread

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 09.09.2014

Accreditation No. 2418



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

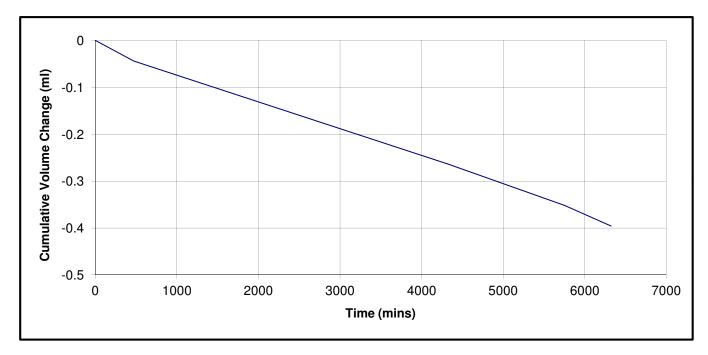
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 **Date Tested:** 27.08.14

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2764 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: RB17 1.50-2.00m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown



Coefficient of Permeability	1E-11	(metres/second)
Mean Effective Stress	100	(kPa)
Permeant Used	Sydne	y Tap Water
SAMPLE DETAILS		
Diameter of Specimen	50.0	(mm)
Height of Specimen	50.0	(mm)
REMOULD DATA		
Laboratory Moisture Ratio	100.1	(%)
Laboratory Density Ratio	99.4	(%)
Retained on 19mm Sieve	-	(%)

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Standard

Comments:

Compactive Effort

Approved Signatory:



C. Paper fol

Corey Papu-Gread

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 09.09.14

Accreditation No. 2418



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

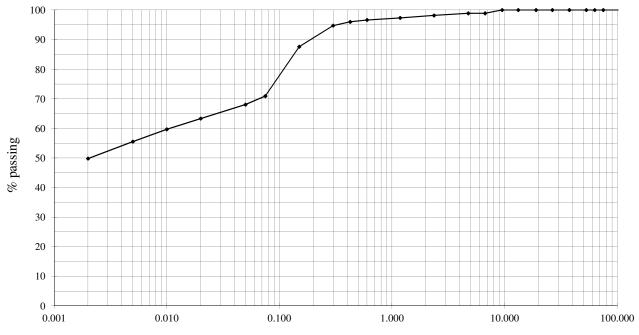
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1 / 3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2764Sample Source:RB17 1.50-2.00mDate Tested:22.8.14Sampled By:ClientChecked By:ME



sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Black/Brown

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	_	1.18	97
75.0		0.600	97
63.0		0.425	96
53.0		0.300	95
37.5		0.150	88
26.5		0.075	71
19.0		0.050	68
13.2		0.020	63
9.5	100	0.010	60
6.7	99	0.005	56
4.75	99	0.002	50
2.36	98		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

an Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

III NAT

ccreditation No. 2418 PF-(AU)-[IND(MTE)]-(GEN)-RPT-693.VER1.20.07.2012 – Page 1 of 1



Order No:

SGS Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 6432 Alexandria NSW 2015 Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No:

Project: AS130389

Tested Date: 10/09/2014 SGS Job Number: 14-32-383

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2765

Lab: Alexandria CMT Sample ID: RB22 1.00-1.50m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Brown

25.3% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2765-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2765

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: RB22 1.00-1.50m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Brown

Liquid Limit: 66% Plastic Limit: 16% 50% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2765-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

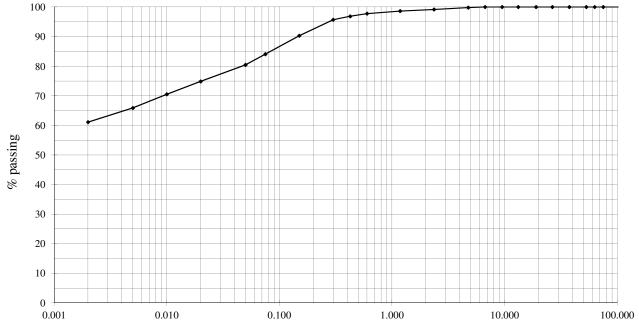
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1/3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2765Sample Source:RB22 1.00-1.50mDate Tested:22/08/2014Sampled By:ClientChecked By:ME



sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Brown

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0		1.18	99
75.0		0.600	98
63.0		0.425	97
53.0		0.300	96
37.5		0.150	90
26.5		0.075	84
19.0		0.050	80
13.2		0.020	75
9.5		0.010	71
6.7		0.005	66
4.75	100	0.002	61
2.36	99		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

alen Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

IN NATA

ccreditation No. 2418 PF-(AU)-[IND(MTE)]-(GEN)-RPT-693.VER1.20.07.2012 – Page 1 of 1



Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

8/09/2014

Location:

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT Sample No: 14-AC-2766 Sample ID: RB22 2.50-2.80m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description:

SILTY CLAY: Grey/Brown

19.8% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2766-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



Order No:

SGS Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 6432 Alexandria NSW 2015 Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015

AS130389

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

Tested Date: 9/09/2014 Location:

SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Sample No: 14-AC-2766 Lab: Alexandria CMT Sample ID: RB22 2.50-2.80m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Brown

Liquid Limit: 48% Plastic Limit: 26% 22% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2766-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013



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PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

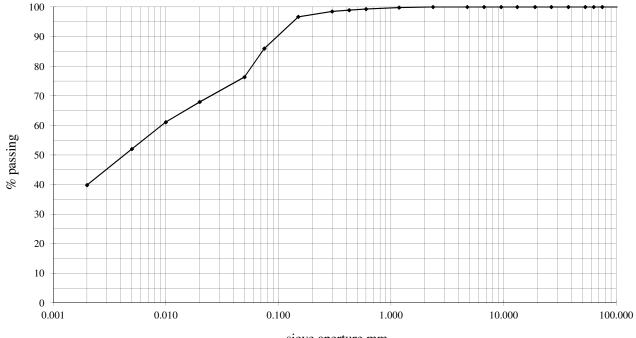
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1/3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2766Sample Source:RB22 2.50-2.80mDate Tested:22/08/2014Sampled By:ClientChecked By:ME



sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Grey/Brown

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	_	1.18	100
75.0		0.600	99
63.0		0.425	99
53.0		0.300	98
37.5		0.150	97
26.5		0.075	86
19.0		0.050	76
13.2		0.020	68
9.5		0.010	61
6.7		0.005	52
4.75		0.002	40
2.36			

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

am Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

IIAC-MRA NATA

ccreditation No. 2418 PF-(AU)-[IND(MTE)]-(GEN)-RPT-693.VER1.20.07.2012 – Page 1 of 1



Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2767

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP101 1.20-1.80m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description:

SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red-Brown

Moisture Content:

18.2%

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2767-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Accreditation No.: 2418



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location:

14-AC-2767

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT Sample No: Sample ID: TP101 1.20-1.80m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red-Brown

Liquid Limit: 43% Plastic Limit: 14% 29% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2767-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418

Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 6432 Alexandria NSW 2015 Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015

Client: Order No: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Tested Date: SGS Job Number: 9/09/2014 14-32-383 Location:
Sample No: 14-AC-2767

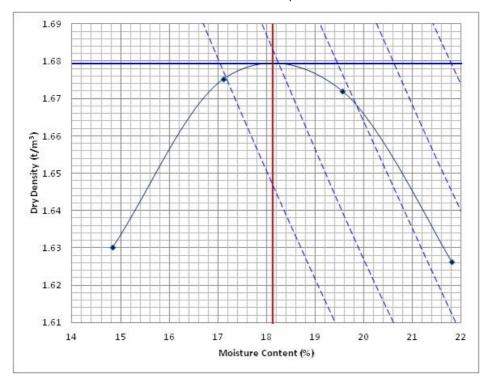
Lab: Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP101 1.20-1.80m

AS130389

Dry Density / Moisture Content Relation of a Soil

AS 1289.5.1.1 - Standard Compactive Effort



Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Grey/Red-Brown

Maximum Dry Density:1.68t/m³Optimum Moisture Content:18.0%Percent Oversize:0%Sieve Size:19.0mm

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

alen Long

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418

IAIA

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Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2767-AN027.1 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-027



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CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

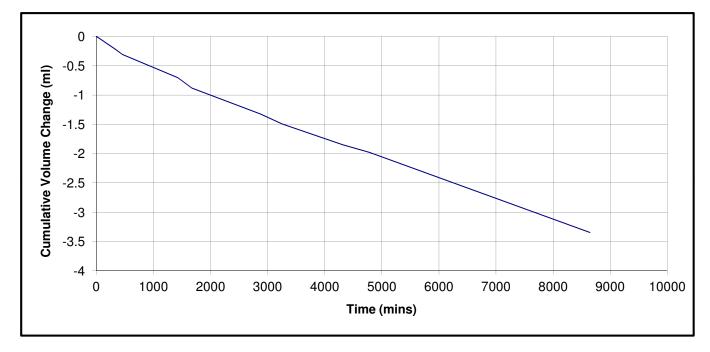
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 **Date Tested:** 27.08.14

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2767 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: TP101 1.20-1.80m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Grey/Red-Brown



Coefficient of Permeability8E-11(metres/second)Mean Effective Stress100(kPa)

Permeant Used Leachate supplied by client

SAMPLE DETAILS

Diameter of Specimen50.0(mm)Height of Specimen49.4(mm)

REMOULD DATA

Laboratory Moisture Ratio 99.7 (%) Laboratory Density Ratio 100.4 (%)

Retained on 19mm Sieve - (%)

Compactive Effort Standard

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Comments:

Approved Signatory:



C. Page fol

Corey Papu-Gread

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 09.09.2014

Accreditation No. 2418



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

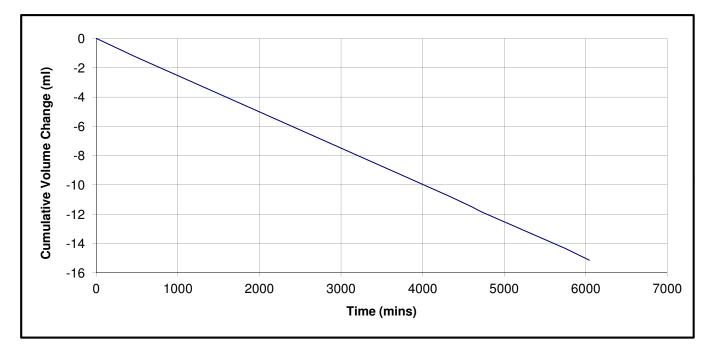
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 **Date Tested:** 27.08.14

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2767 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: TP101 1.20-1.80m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Grey/Red-Brown



Coefficient of Permeability	5E-10	(metres/second)
Mean Effective Stress	100	(kPa)
Permeant Used	Sydne	y Tap Water
SAMPLE DETAILS		
Diameter of Specimen	50.1	(mm)
Height of Specimen	50.6	(mm)
REMOULD DATA		
Laboratory Moisture Ratio	99.7	(%)
Laboratory Density Ratio	100.5	(%)
Retained on 19mm Sieve	-	(%)

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Standard

Comments:

Compactive Effort

Approved Signatory:



C. Ly. fol

Corey Papu-Gread

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 09.09.2014

Accreditation No. 2418



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Date:

10/09/2014

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

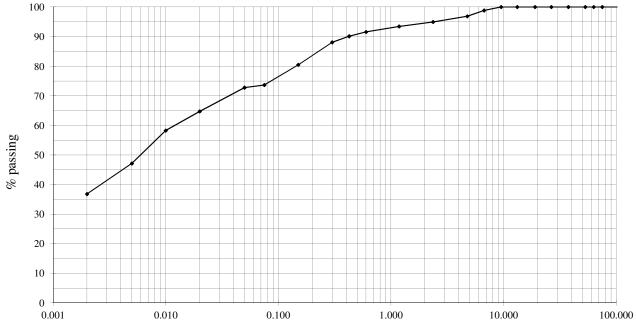
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: AS 1289 3.6.1 / 3

14-AC-2767 Job Number: 14-32-383 Lab Number: TP101 1.20-1.80m Sample Source: Date Tested: 22.8.14 Sampled By: Client Checked By: AL



sieve aperture mm

Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
	17 1	12 11 11	

SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red-Brown Sample Description:

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	· ·	1.18	93
75.0		0.600	92
63.0		0.425	90
53.0		0.300	88
37.5		0.150	80
26.5		0.075	74
19.0		0.050	73
13.2		0.020	65
9.5	100	0.010	58
6.7	99	0.005	47
4.75	97	0.002	37
2.36	95		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

Whitale

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025



Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Sample ID:

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT AS130389

14-AC-2768

TP102 0.90-1.50m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description:

SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

16.5% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

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Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2768-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2768

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID:

TP102 0.90-1.50m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

Liquid Limit: 36% Plastic Limit: 13% 23% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2768-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: AS 1289 3.6.1 / 3

14-AC-2768 Job Number: 14-32-383 Lab Number: Sample Source: TP102 0.90-1.50m Date Tested: 19/08/2014 Sampled By: Client Checked By: AL

100 90 80 70 60 % passing 50 40 30 20 10 0.001 0.010 0.100 10.000 1.000 100.000

sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown Sample Description:

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	_	1.18	85
75.0		0.600	84
63.0		0.425	84
53.0	100	0.300	83
37.5	95	0.150	75
26.5	93	0.075	62
19.0	93	0.050	44
13.2	91	0.020	36
9.5	90	0.010	31
6.7	89	0.005	27
4.75	87	0.002	22
2.36	86		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:



Aaron Lacey

Date:

10/09/2014





Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025



Client: Order No: **ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD**

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2769

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID:

TP103 0.20-0.60m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description:

SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown

21.6% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2769-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Accreditation No.: 2418



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Tested Date:

Order No:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2769

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP103 0.20-0.60m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown

Liquid Limit: 48% Plastic Limit: 14% 34% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2769-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418



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fx: +61 (0)2 8594 049

Client:

Lab:

Order No:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Tested Date: 9/09/2014

Location:

SGS Job Number:

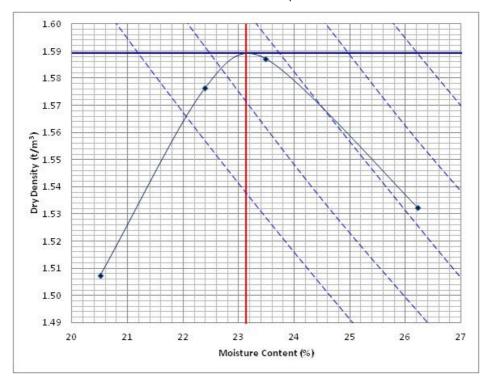
14-32-383 Alexandria CMT Sample No: 14-AC-2769

Sample ID: TP103 0.20-0.60m

AS130389

Dry Density / Moisture Content Relation of a Soil

AS 1289.5.1.1 - Standard Compactive Effort



Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown

Maximum Dry Density:1.59t/m³Optimum Moisture Content:23.0%Percent Oversize:0%Sieve Size:19.0mm

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

am Long

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2769-AN027.1

Date: 10/09/2014

Cert No.: 14-AC-2769-AN027.1 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-027

Accreditation No.: 2418
Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

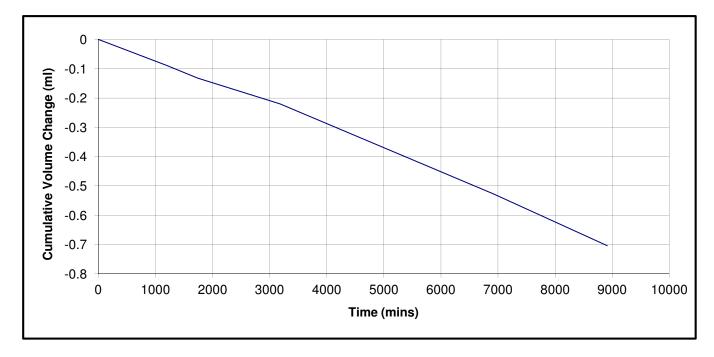
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 Date Tested: 16/09/2014

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2769 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: TP103 0.20-0.60m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown



Coefficient of Permeability	2E-11	(metres/second)
Mean Effective Stress	100	(kPa)
Permeant Used	Sydney Tap Water	
SAMPLE DETAILS		
Diameter of Specimen	50.0	(mm)
Height of Specimen	49.0	(mm)
REMOULD DATA		
Laboratory Moisture Ratio	100.0	(%)
Laboratory Density Ratio	100.7	(%)
Retained on 19mm Sieve	-	(%)
Compactive Effort	Standard	

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Comments:

Approved Signatory:



Corey Papu-Gread

Date: 23/09/2014

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Accreditation No. 2418

Hac-MRA



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

Date:

10/09/2014

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

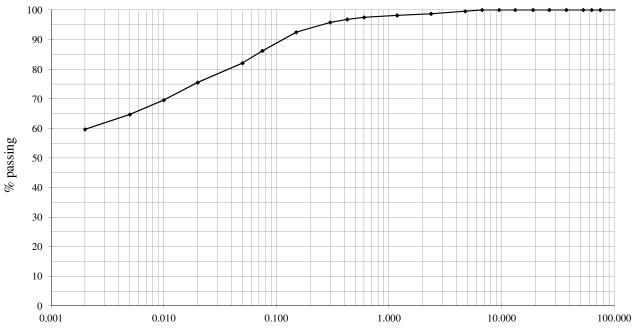
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: AS 1289 3.6.1 / 3

14-AC-2769 Job Number: 14-32-383 Lab Number: Sample Source: TP103 0.20-0.60m Date Tested: 22/08/2014 Sampled By: Client Checked By: AL



sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown Sample Description:

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0		1.18	98
75.0		0.600	97
63.0		0.425	97
53.0		0.300	96
37.5		0.150	92
26.5		0.075	86
19.0		0.050	82
13.2		0.020	75
9.5		0.010	70
6.7		0.005	65
4.75	100	0.002	60
2.36	99		

ASTM 152H Hydrometer Type:

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025



Client: Order No: **ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD**

Client Job No:

Project:

Tested Date: 9/09/2014 SGS Job Number:

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2770

AS130389

Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID:

TP104 0.60-1.00m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description:

SILTY CLAY: Red/Grey

Moisture Content:

18.2%

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2770-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Accreditation No.: 2418



Aaron.Lacey@sgs.com ABN: 44 000 964 278 ph: +61 (0)2 8594 0481

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Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location:

AS130389

SGS Job Number:

14-32-383

Sample No:

14-AC-2770

Lab: Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP104 0.60-1.00m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Grey

Liquid Limit: 62%

Plastic Limit: 15%

Plasticity Index: 47%

History of Sample: Air-Dried

Method of Preparation: Dry-Sieved

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

tory: Our Lan

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2770-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418

Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

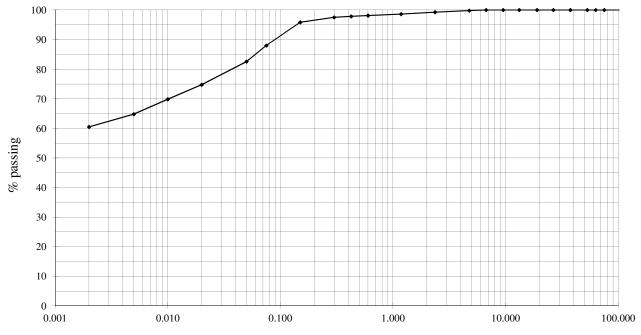
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1/3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2770Sample Source:TP104 0.60-1.00mDate Tested:22.8.14Sampled By:ClientChecked By:ME



sieve aperture mm

Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
	17 1	12 11 11	

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Grey

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	_	1.18	99
75.0		0.600	98
63.0		0.425	98
53.0		0.300	98
37.5		0.150	96
26.5		0.075	88
19.0		0.050	83
13.2		0.020	75
9.5		0.010	70
6.7		0.005	65
4.75	100	0.002	60
2.36	99		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

am Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

IC MRA NAT

ccreditation No. 2418
PF-(AU)-[IND(MTE)]-(GEN)-RPT-693.VER1.20.07.2012 – Page 1 of 1



SGS Job Number:

SGS Australia Pty Ltd PO Box 6432 Alexandria NSW 2015 Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street Alexandria NSW 2015

Client:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Sample No:

Sample ID:

Order No: Tested Date:

Lab:

9/09/2014

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT Location:

14-AC-2771

AS130389

TP105 1.00-1.50m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

20.3% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2771-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Order No: Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location: Sample No:

14-AC-2771

SGS Job Number: Lab:

14-32-383 Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP105 1.00-1.50m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

Liquid Limit: 53% Plastic Limit: 20% 33% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418

Date: 10/09/2014

Cert No.: 14-AC-2771-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Order No:

Lab:

9/09/2014

Alexandria CMT

Tested Date: SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Location: Sample No: 14-AC-2771

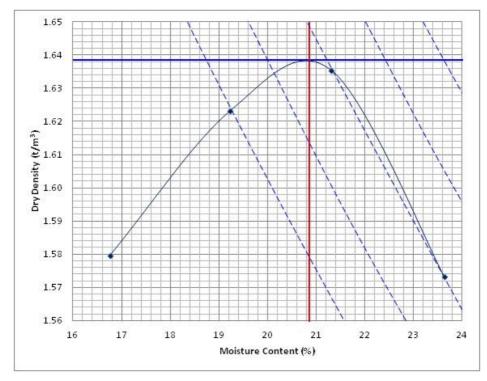
Sample ID:

TP105 1.00-1.50m

AS130389

Dry Density / Moisture Content Relation of a Soil

AS 1289.5.1.1 - Standard Compactive Effort



Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

Maximum Dry Density: 1.64t/m³ **Optimum Moisture Content:** 21.0% Percent Oversize: 0% Sieve Size: 19.0mm

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2771-AN027.1 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-027



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SGS Australia Ptv Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015

CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

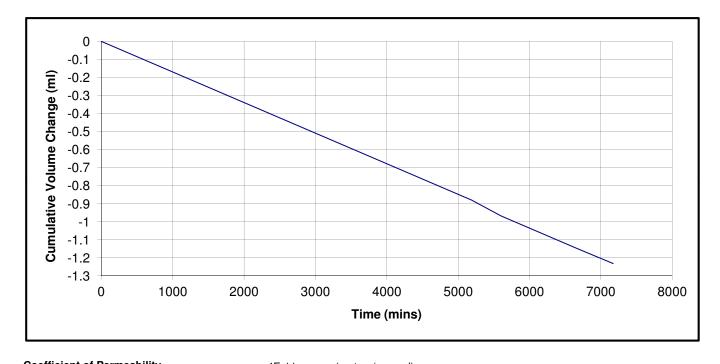
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 Date Tested: 12/09/2014

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2771 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: TP105 1.00-1.50m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown



Coefficient of Permeability	4E-11	(metres/second)
Mean Effective Stress	100	(kPa)

Permeant Used Sydney Tap Water

SAMPLE DETAILS

Diameter of Specimen 50.2 (mm) **Height of Specimen** 49.6 (mm) **REMOULD DATA**

Laboratory Moisture Ratio 100.0 (%) **Laboratory Density Ratio** 99.6 (%)

Retained on 19mm Sieve (%)

Compactive Effort Standard

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Comments:

Approved Signatory:



Corey Papu-Gread

Date: 23/09/2014

Hac-MRA



Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Accreditation No. 2418



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PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

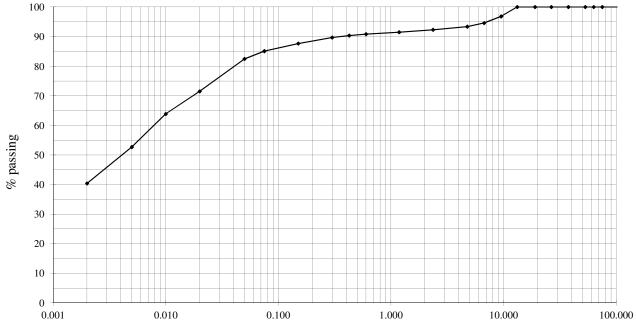
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1/3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2771Sample Source:TP105 1.00-1.50mDate Tested:22/08/2014Sampled By:ClientChecked By:ME



sieve aperture mm

Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
	17 1	12 11 11	

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Grey/Red Brown

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0	· ·	1.18	91
75.0		0.600	91
63.0		0.425	90
53.0		0.300	90
37.5		0.150	88
26.5		0.075	85
19.0		0.050	82
13.2	100	0.020	71
9.5	97	0.010	64
6.7	95	0.005	53
4.75	93	0.002	40
2.36	92		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

alen Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

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AS130389

Order No:

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client: Client Job No:

Project:

Tested Date: 9/09/2014 Location: SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Sample No: 14-AC-2772

Lab: Alexandria CMT Sample ID: TP106 0.80-1.40m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Light Brown

13.6% Moisture Content:

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 10/09/2014

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2772-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010



AS130389

ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

Client Job No: Project:

Order No: Tested Date: 9/09/2014

SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Sample No: 14-AC-2772

Lab: Alexandria CMT Sample ID: TP106 0.80-1.40m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

Location:

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY:Light Brown

Liquid Limit: 35% Plastic Limit: 12% 23% Plasticity Index: History of Sample: Air-Dried Method of Preparation: **Dry-Sieved**

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418

Cert No.: 14-AC-2772-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013

Accreditation No.: 2418 Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client:

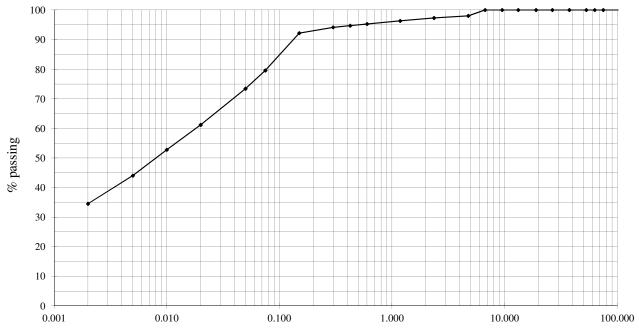
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: AS 1289 3.6.1 / 3

14-AC-2772 Job Number: 14-32-383 Lab Number: TP106 0.80-1.40m Sample Source: Date Tested: 22.8.14 Sampled By: Client Checked By: AL



sieve aperture mm

	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
- 1				

SILTY CLAY:Red-Brown Sample Description:

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0		1.18	96
75.0		0.600	95
63.0		0.425	95
53.0		0.300	94
37.5		0.150	92
26.5		0.075	80
19.0		0.050	73
13.2		0.020	61
9.5		0.010	53
6.7	100	0.005	44
4.75	98	0.002	35
2.36	97		

ASTM 152H Hydrometer Type:

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

Aaron Lacey

Date:

10/09/2014

Whilahila

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025



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Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

RALIA PTY LTD Client Job No:

Order No:
Tested Date: 9/09/2014

Project: Location:

SGS Job Number:

9/09/2014 Location: 14-32-383 Sample No: AS130389 14-AC-2773

Lab: Alexandria CMT

Sample ID: TP107 0.50-1.00m

Moisture Content of a Soil

AS 1289.2.1.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Yellow-brown

Moisture Content: 22.3%

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

atory: On Long

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2773-AN010 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-010

Accreditation No.: 2418

Client Address: Level 2 Adelaide Terrace East Perth Perth WA 6004



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Client: Order No: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

AS130389

Tested Date:

9/09/2014

Location:

14-AC-2773

SGS Job Number: Lab: 14-32-383 Alexandria CMT Sample No: Sample ID:

TP107 0.50-1.00m

Atterberg Limits (1 Point Casagrande Method)

AS 1289.3.1.2, 3.2.1, 3.3.1

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Yellow-brown

Liquid Limit: 45%

Plastic Limit: 13%

Plasticity Index: 32%

History of Sample: Air-Dried

Method of Preparation: Dry-Sieved

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

tory: Our Lan

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2773-AN013 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-013



ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Client Job No: Project:

Order No:

Lab:

9/09/2014

Alexandria CMT

Tested Date: SGS Job Number: 14-32-383 Location: 14-AC-2773

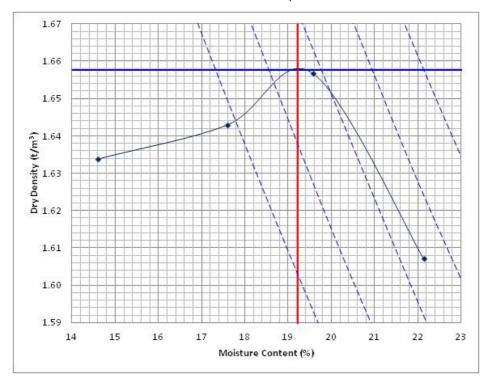
Sample No: Sample ID:

TP107 0.50-1.00m

AS130389

Dry Density / Moisture Content Relation of a Soil

AS 1289.5.1.1 - Standard Compactive Effort



Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Yellow-brown

Maximum Dry Density: 1.66t/m³ **Optimum Moisture Content:** 19.0% Percent Oversize: 0% Sieve Size: 19.0mm

Note: Sample supplied by client.

Approved Signatory:

(Aaron.Lacey, Business Manager)

Date: 10/09/2014

Accreditation No.: 2418



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Site No.: 2418 Cert No.: 14-AC-2773-AN027.1 Form No.PF-AU-INDCMT-GEN-AN-027



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SGS Australia Pty Ltd Unit 15, 33 Maddox Street (PO Box 6432) Alexandria NSW 2015 Australia

CONSTANT HEAD PERMEABILITY USING A FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER

CLIENT: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

PROJECT: AS130389

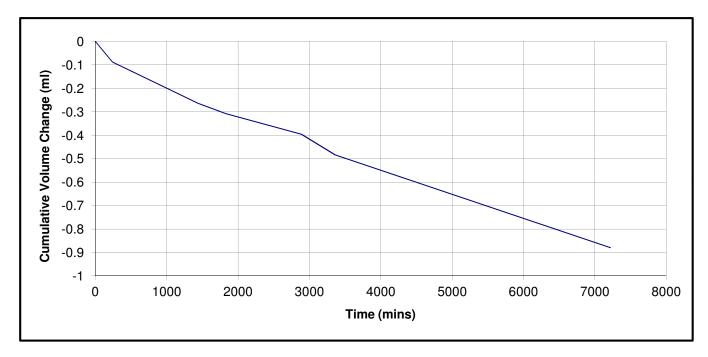
LOCATION:

Job Number: 14-32-383 **Date Tested:** 27.08.14

Laboratory Number: 14-AC-2773 Sampled By: Client

Sample Source: TP107 0.50-1.00m

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Yellow-brown



Coefficient of Permeability 3E-11 (metres/second)

Mean Effective Stress 100 (kPa)

Permeant Used Leachate supplied by client

SAMPLE DETAILS

Diameter of Specimen50.0(mm)Height of Specimen50.0(mm)

REMOULD DATA

Laboratory Moisture Ratio 100.1 (%) Laboratory Density Ratio 100.3 (%)

Retained on 19mm Sieve - (%)

Compactive Effort Standard

Test Method: Constant head method using a flexible wall permeameter AS1289.6.7.3

Comments:

Approved Signatory:



C. lago fol

Corey Papu-Gread

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

Date: 09.09.2014

Accreditation No. 2418



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PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Client: ENVIRON AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

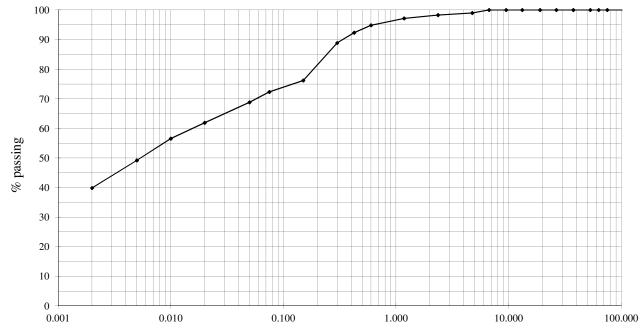
Address: Level 2 Adelaide TerraceEast PerthPerth WA 6004

Project: AS130389

Location:

Test Method: **AS 1289 3.6.1/3**

Job Number:14-32-383Lab Number:14-AC-2773Sample Source:TP107 0.50-1.00mDate Tested:22.8.14Sampled By:ClientChecked By:AL



sieve aperture mm

Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel
	17 1	12 11 11	

Sample Description: SILTY CLAY: Red/Yellow-brown

Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing	Sieve Size (mm)	% Passing
150.0		1.18	97
75.0		0.600	95
63.0		0.425	92
53.0		0.300	89
37.5		0.150	76
26.5		0.075	72
19.0		0.050	69
13.2		0.020	62
9.5		0.010	57
6.7	100	0.005	49
4.75	99	0.002	40
2.36	98		

Hydrometer Type: ASTM 152H

Dispersant Type: Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Pretreatment: None Loss on Pretreatment: None

Remarks:

Approved Signatory:

alen Lon

Aaron Lacey

Accredited for Compliance with ISO/IEC 17025

IBC MRA NATA

ccreditation No. 2418
PF-(AU)-[IND(MTE)]-(GEN)-RPT-693.VER1.20.07.2012 – Page 1 of 1

Appendix F

Aquifer Testing Results

PIEZOMETER TEST

Client	Hydro	Job No.	AS130389
Project	Clay Borrow Pit Geotech	Bore	CBP2

Bore Details

Bore No.		
Piezometer length (L)	3	m
Piezometer radius (r)	0.025	m
Bore radius (R)	0.1	m
Depth of piezometer	10.58	m
Static water level	4.031	m
Lag time (To)	1690	sec

(70% recovery)

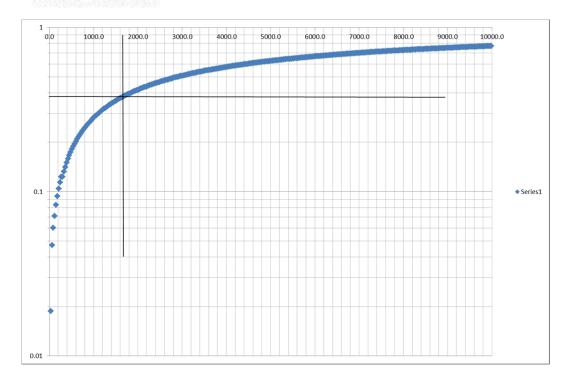
Test Method

Rising Head Falling Head

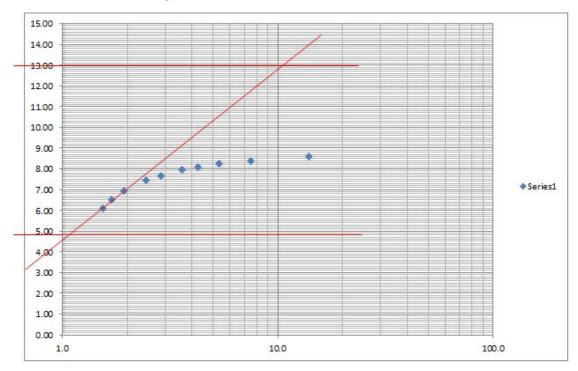
Based on Hyorslev method
$$K = \frac{r^2 \ln(L/R)}{2LTo}$$

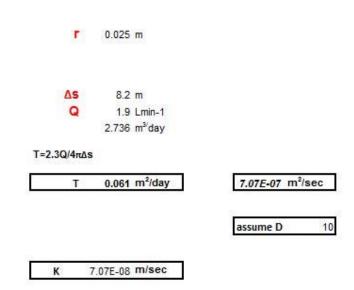
Calculated Permeability 2.1E-07 m / sec 1.8E-02 m/day

ENVIRON Australia

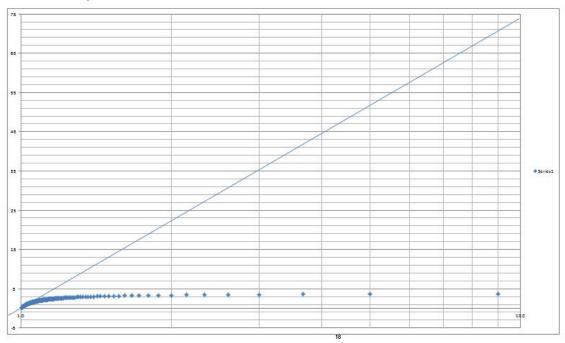


CPB3 Theis recovery





CPB2 Theis Recovery



r 0.025 m

Δs 75 m Q 2.4 Lmin-1 3.456 m³/day

T=2.3Q/4πΔs

T 0.008 m²/day 9.76E-08 m²/sec

assume D 10

K 9.76E-09 m/sec